IN THE MATTER OF AN ARBITRATION UNDER CHAPTER ELEVEN OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT AND THE 1976 UNCITRAL ARBITRATION RULES

BETWEEN:	
RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.	Claimant
AND:	
GOVERNMENT OF CANADA	a d a 4
PCA CASE No. 2016-13	spondent
Expert Report of Peter Steger	
April 17, 2019	

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1.0 INTRODUCTION AND MANDATE

- 1. I, Peter Steger, of Cohen Hamilton Steger & Co. Inc. ("CHS"), was retained by the Respondent in this matter, Government of Canada ("Canada"), in connection with the claims for damages made by the Claimant, Resolute Forest Products Inc. ("Resolute"), under NAFTA Article 1102 (National Treatment) and Article 1105 (Minimum Standard of Treatment). ¹
- 2. Specifically, Resolute's claims relate to certain assistance (or "benefits package") ² provided by the Government of Nova Scotia ("GNS") in connection with the re-opening of the Port Hawkesbury Paper ("PHP") mill in Nova Scotia under the new ownership of Pacific West Commercial Corporation ("PWCC") ³ in Fall 2012 and the purported financial impact of such on Resolute's three Canadian paper mills in Québec, being Kénogami, Dolbeau and Laurentide. ⁴ Resolute's three Canadian mills produced super-calendered ("SC") paper of various grades (or quality), primarily comprising SCA, SCB, and SNC. ⁵
- 3. In respect of Resolute's damages claim, I was asked by Canada to:
 - a) Review and provide my comments on the report prepared for Claimant by Dr. Seth Kaplan dated December 28, 2018 (the "Kaplan Report"), which opines, *inter alia*: "[t]he PHP mill would not have opened were it not for the entire benefits package [GNS] gave PWCC" ⁶ (see Section 5.0 below).

Resolute Forest Products Inc. v. Government of Canada (UNCITRAL) Claimant's Memorial, 28 December 2019 ("Claimant's Memorial").

² Claimant's Memorial and Claimant's experts' reports refer to such GNS assistance alternatively as the "Measures", "ensemble of benefits", and "benefits package". *See* Claimant's Memorial, for example, ¶¶ 71, 153-168, 197-202, 219-221, 253-254, 280-287.

³ Pacific West Commercial Corporation is part of the Stern group of companies.

Resolute operated a fourth paper mill in Catawba, South Carolina, USA, which is not addressed in Claimant's experts' reports.

SNC refers to a "C" grade of SC paper called "soft-nip" or SNC.

⁶ See Expert Witness Report of Seth T. Kaplan, Ph.D. (December 28, 2018) ("Kaplan Report"), ¶ 50.

- b) Review and provide my comments on the report prepared for Claimant by Dr. Jerry Hausman dated December 28, 2018 (the "Hausman Report II"), which opines, *inter alia*: "[t]he reopening of PHP added 360,000 MT of capacity to the SC Paper market, causing significant financial damage to Resolute's three [Canadian] SC Paper mills via price declines"⁷ and to prepare a price erosion analysis (see Sections 5.0 and 6.0 below). ^{8, 9}
- c) Address, if possible, the EBITDA¹⁰ improvements contemplated and achieved by the new owners of PHP (being PWCC), as between the GNS assistance versus PWCC's own initiatives (see Section 8.0 below).

1.1 Currency and Tonnage

- Currency amounts herein are expressed in United States dollars (USD or US\$) or Canadian dollars (CAD or C\$), as indicated. A summary of exchange rates between the two currencies during 2009 2018 is provided in Schedule 40.
- 5. Tonnage is generally expressed herein as metric tonnes (MT), or alternatively as short tons (tons or ST), as noted. A conversion table is provided in Schedule 41.

2.0 STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS AND INDEPENDENCE

6. I am a Canadian Chartered Professional Accountant (CPA) and Chartered Accountant with a specialist designation in Investigative and Forensic Accounting (CA●IFA), as well as a Chartered Business Valuator (CBV), a Certified Fraud Examiner (CFE), and hold a Certification in Financial Forensics (CFF). I am a founding Principal of Cohen Hamilton Steger & Co. Inc., Canada's largest

Expert Witness Report of Jerry Hausman, Ph.D. (December 28, 2018) ("Hausman Report II"), ¶ 15.

⁸ Claimant's Memorial states: "[b]ut for all of the Nova Scotia Measures taken together...[PHP] would not have reopened, and would not have damaged Resolute" (¶161). Accordingly, I have not been asked to assess damages in relation to any individual measure.

⁹ For purposes of assessing Resolute's losses, I have assumed that Canada is liable for losses; however, I make no representation as to legal interpretations. If Canada is found not to be liable, then my calculations in respect of Resolute's losses are not applicable.

EBITDA means Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

boutique firm specializing in damages quantification, business valuation and forensic accounting in litigation and other disputes. I was previously a Managing Director at Navigant Consulting (now part of Ankura) and a Principal at Kroll Lindquist Avey (now part of Duff & Phelps), two international consultancies with operations in similar fields. I have practiced exclusively in these fields for approximately 28 years.

- 7. I have been retained as an expert witness on hundreds of mandates involving the quantification of losses or the valuation of business interests in breach of contract disputes, patent infringement matters, shareholder disputes, class actions, and other commercial disputes. In the course of my expert witness retainers, I have submitted numerous reports and affidavits, including expert testimony related thereto, in various forums including ICC Arbitrations, domestic arbitrations, several Canadian provincial courts, and the Federal Court of Canada.
- 8. My loss quantification mandates have spanned many industries including pulp & paper, forest estates and various other manufacturing. I have been recognized as one of Canada's top cross-border expert witnesses in the Lexpert/American Lawyer annual guides, as well as a leading Forensic Accountant and Quantum of Damages Expert in Who's Who Legal.
- 9. My curriculum vitae is attached as Appendix A.
- 10. My report has been prepared independently and objectively. CHS has no stake, directly or indirectly, in the outcome of this arbitration and CHS's fees are not contingent on the outcome of this matter in any way.

3.0 SCOPE OF REVIEW

11. For the purpose of preparing this report, I reviewed and relied upon the documents identified in my report herein and the attached schedules.

3.1 Scope Limitations

- 12. There are several instances whereby the Hausman Report II references the expectations or information provided by Resolute, but which are uncited. ¹¹ In addition, certain of Resolute's financial productions and comments provided in respect thereof during the first document production phase of this matter are incomplete, unclear or ambiguous. Accordingly, I will be asking Canada to seek clarification on such information during the upcoming additional productions request phase.
- 13. The production of any additional information and documents may have an impact on my conclusions as set out herein.

4.0 BACKGROUND

4.1 Resolute and PHP's SC Paper Mills

- 14. Resolute's three Canadian SC paper mills are/were located in the province of Québec at Jonquiere (the Kénogami mill), Dolbeau-Mistassini (the Dolbeau mill) and Shawinigan (the Laurentide mill, which closed in 2014). Resolute also operated a coated paper mill at Catawba, South Carolina, USA, that periodically produced minor quantities of SC paper, and which was sold in January 2019. The PHP mill is located at Port Hawkesbury in the province of Nova Scotia.
- 15. These Canadian mills (like others in North America and Europe) have gone through a number of closures and re-openings, as follows:

¹¹ See Hausman Report II, ¶¶ 30, 42, 43, 44.

¹² See Claimant's Memorial, ¶16.

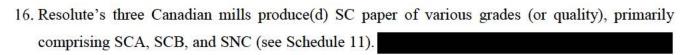
¹³ See Claimant's Memorial, ¶142 footnote 221.

See R-245, Resolute Forest Products Inc., Annual Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Form 10-K), p. 4.

Table 1 Summary of Resolute (Canada) and PHP's SC Paper Mill Closures and Re-openings

Mill	Indicated Capacity MT ^{15,16}	SC Paper ¹⁷	Closure Date ¹⁸	Re-opening Date
Dolbeau – machine #05 (entire mill)	138,000	23 23	June 2009	Oct. 2012
Kénogami – machine #06 machine #07	68,000 142,000		Dec. 2011	120
Laurentide – machine #10 machine #11 (entire mill)	125,000 209,000		Nov. 2012 Oct. 2014	
PHP – newsprint machine SC machine	n/a 360,000	g	Sept. 2011 Sept. 2011	 Oct. 2012

4.2 SC Paper Grades



For closure/re-open dates, for Dolbeau: see C-023, Ross Marowits, "AbitibiBowater may restart Dolbeau Mill after

Resolute's 10-Ks reported minor changes in the capacities of the mills in certain years (see R-254, Resolute Forest Products Inc., Annual Report for the Fiscal Year Ended Dec. 31, 2009 (Form 10-K); R-255, Dec. 31, 2010; R-246, Dec. 31, 2011; R-247, Dec. 31, 2012; R-248, Dec. 31, 2013; R-249, Dec. 31, 2014; R-250, Dec. 31, 2015; R-251, Dec. 31, 2016; R-252, Dec. 31, 2017; R-245, Dec. 31, 2018).

For Resolute mill capacities, see R-253,

RFP0004782: Dolbeau at RFP0004784,86,87,92; Kénogami and Laurentide at RFP0004783. For PHP mill capacity and paper types see C-163,

CAN000004, p. 12.

For Resolute paper types, see also Schedules 14 A/B summarizing Resolute's Supercalendered Paper Sales Data.

workers endorse changes, The Canadian Press" (Sept. 23, 2011) and C-255,

(RFP0009302); for Kénogami: see Resolute Forest Products Inc. v. Government of Canada (UNCITRAL) Counter-Memorial on Jurisdiction, 22 February 2017, ¶ 44; for Laurentide: see R-014, Resolute Forest Products, News Release, "Resolute Forest Products announces permanent shutdown of paper machine at its Laurentide mill" (Nov. 6, 2012); and R-016, Resolute Forest Products, News Release, "Resolute Announces Permanent Closure of Laurentide Mill in Shawinigan, Québec" (Nov. 6, 2012); for PHP: see C-163,

Article, PaperAge, "Papermaking Rolls Again at Port Hawkesbury Mill in Nova Scotia" (Oct. 5, 2012).

4.3 Summary of Resolute's Canadian Mills' Financial Results 2010 - 2017

17. The following table summarizes Resolute's reported net profits before tax (in CAD) for its three Canadian mills during 2010 – 2017. During this period, there were several capacity changes that affected Resolute's three Canadian mills as well as PHP (see Section 4.1 above). Of note, after these changes in capacity, including PHP's re-opening, Resolute generated its

during 2015 - 2017.

Table 2 Summary of Resolute's Reported Net Profits Before Tax (C\$ millions)

Mill	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Kénogami								
Dolbeau								
Laurentide								
Total								

^{*} includes losses from "Mill Closure Elements" during the year.

See Schedules 12K, 12D, 12L

18. The primary reason for Resolute's is that while selling prices denominated in US\$/MT have fallen during 2013 – 2017, the CAD has weakened relative to the USD during this period, such that the USD:CAD exchange rate went from par in 2012 to USD 1:00 = CAD 1.30 in 2015 -2017. Resolute's

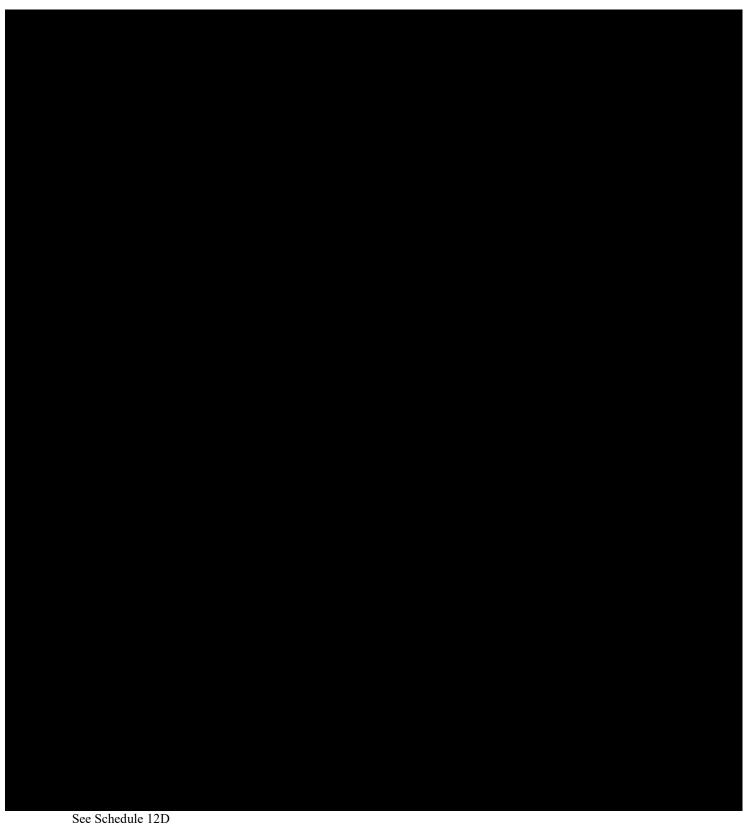
19. The following graphs illustrate the changes in annual USD- and CAD-denominated net sales, cash costs,²⁰ and profit before SG&A allocation²¹ and depreciation (per MT) of Resolute's three Canadian mills:

^{**} includes losses from restarted operations during the year.

¹⁹ Resolute has not produced its 2018 results.

²⁰ Cash costs comprise freight, variable and fixed costs (but excludes SG&A allocation and depreciation).

²¹ SG&A is generally understood to mean selling, general & administrative expenses.





See Schedule 12L

4.4 Summary of North American SC Paper Volumes 2010 - 2018

20. The following table summarizes the reported shipment volumes for Resolute's mills and the total North American market (domestic shipments and foreign imports) during 2010 - 2018. As noted above, there were several capacity changes affecting Resolute's three Canadian mills as well as PHP during this period (see Section 4.1 above). Of note,

a)	Since 2013, North American shipments for SCA paper
	, while shipments for
	·
b)	Imports of SCA paper
	while imports for SCB/SNC paper
	·

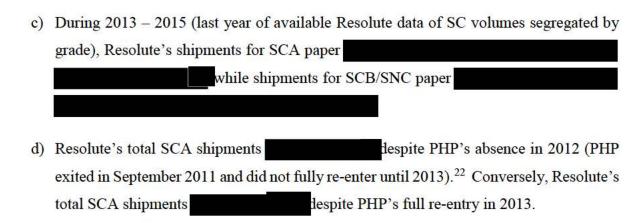


Table 3 Summary of SCA / SCB/SNC Shipment Volumes (MT 000s)

Mill	Paper	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Kénogami	SCA SCB/SNC Total									
Dolbeau	SCA SCB/SNC Total									
Laurentide	SCA SCB/SNC Total									
Catawba ²³ and other differences	SCA SCB/SNC Total									
Total Resolute	SCA SCB/SNC Total									

²² See Kaplan Report, ¶13 footnote 11.

While the Catawba mill is not part of the Claimant's claim, it is included here for completeness in respect of Resolute's SC papers produced. Minor rounding reconciliations have been ignored.

Table 3 (cont'd) Summary of SCA / SCB/SNC Shipment Volumes (MT 000s)

	Paper	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total North America	SCA-N.Am SCA-Imports SCA-Total SCB/SNC-NAm SCB/SNC-Imp SCB/SNC-Tot Total-N.Am.									
	Total-Imports Total									

See Schedules 11, 12K, 12D, and 20.

21. The following graph illustrates the above-noted sales tonnages for North American shipments and by Resolute: ²⁴



See Schedule 11 (North America shipments shown)

 $^{^{24}}$ Resolute's breakdown between SCA and SCB/SNC paper sales volumes has not been produced for 2016-2018.

4.5 SC Paper Prices 2010 - 2018

22. The following graph summarizes the reported North American pricing for SCA and SCB paper during 2010 – 2018:



See Schedule 21

5.0 DETAILED COMMENTS IN RESPECT OF THE KAPLAN REPORT

5.1 Summary of Dr. Kaplan's Conclusions

- 23. The Kaplan Report opines, inter alia, that:
 - a) "NSG [Nova Scotia Government] eventually granted PHP over [CAD] \$124.5 million in aid." ²⁵
 - b) "[t]he PHP mill would not have opened were it not for the entire benefits package the NSG gave PWCC." ²⁶

²⁵ See Kaplan Report, ¶24.

²⁶ See Kaplan Report, ¶50.

- c) "The full re-entry ²⁷ of the PH mill introduced 360,000 MT of SCP [SC paper] capacity to a declining market with moderately elastic demand. This significant addition of supply was not due to, or met with, a significant increase in demand, thus, prices for SCP fell."²⁸
- d) "The addition of 360,000 MT of capacity of SCP from the low-cost producer led to a substantial price decrease." ²⁹
- e) "The NSG's actions impacted adversely the profitability of Resolute's three mills." ³⁰

5.2 My Concerns with These Conclusions

- 24. Regarding Dr. Kaplan's first two statements that: "NSG eventually granted PHP over [CAD] \$124.5 million in aid" and "[t]he PHP mill would not have opened were it not for the entire benefits package the NSG gave PWCC", my concerns are as follows:
 - a) Dr. Kaplan does not specify which "aid" comprises his "over [CAD] \$124.5 million" figure or what constitutes "the entire benefits package" given by GNS to PWCC. Instead, Dr. Kaplan lists 13 bullets of purported "aid" in the "benefits package" that totals, for those items that include a dollar figure, to approximately C\$ 1.164 billion.

b)	In contrast, acco	rding to my review	v of	
	(see Sche	edule 27).		
c)	And,			
	i.			
	ii.			

²⁷ PHP exited in September 2011 and did not "fully re-enter" until 2013 (see Kaplan Report, ¶13 footnote 11).

²⁸ See Kaplan Report, ¶50.

²⁹ See Kaplan Report, ¶48.

³⁰ See Kaplan Report, ¶51.

PHPLP is the PWCC entity operating the PH mill.



- 25. Regarding Dr. Kaplan's next two statements that: "[t]he full re-entry of the PH mill introduced 360,000 MT of SCP [SC paper] capacity" and that such "led to a substantial price decrease", my concerns are as follows:
 - a) Dr. Kaplan refers to PHP's "capacity", rather than its actual volumes sold into the North American market. As noted in Section 8.3.1 below,
 - b) Dr. Kaplan also refers to PHP's capacity being added generically to the "SCP" market, rather than stratifying such as between the various grades of SC paper. As noted in Section 4.1 and as further described in the 2019 Pöyry Expert Report,³³ the table below summarizes the grades in which PHP and Resolute compete.

SC Paper Grade	PHP vs. Resolute Markets	Other Competition

```
R-269,
                                                                                      CAN000012; C-220,
           ), CAN000013, C-225,
                                                CAN000014; C-238,
                                                                                  CAN000015.
    See Expert Report of Pöyry (April 16, 2019) ("Pöyry Report"), Section 2.1.
34
                                                                                                  (see Schedule
    14D).
                                                                                                           - see
    R-230
                                                                                             RFP0011677;
                                  - see R-272,
                         RFP0011702; and
                                                                           - see R-273.
                                                                RFP0011595.
```

c) Based on the foregoing,

Dr. Kaplan

makes no inquiry or statement as to the impact of such as related to competition or prices.

- d) Regarding the "substantial" price decrease in the first half of 2013 following PHP's reopening in October 2012, Dr. Kaplan fails to address the price rebound that occurred in the second half of 2013 to pre-PHP levels. In addition, he fails to address that the existence and reasons for why there was conversely no "substantial" price increase when PHP exited the market in September 2011 (in fact, prices were flat, then declined after PHP's exit). ³⁵
- 26. Regarding Dr. Kaplan's fifth statement that: "[t]he NSG's actions impacted adversely the profitability of Resolute's three mills", my concerns are as follows:
 - a) Dr. Kaplan provides no attempt at quantifying said "adverse impact on Resolute's profitability" despite providing several "theoretical" supply and demand curves of the "SCP market without PHP". ³⁶
 - b) Dr. Kaplan does not comment as to any real world events having occurred during 2013 to date, nor any forecasted to occur thereafter, and their impact on SC paper volumes and prices, such as: (i) continued secular reductions in SC demand; (ii) grade substitutions between the coated mechanical ("CM" or "coated") and SCA+ grades or between SNC and uncoated mechanical ("UM" or generally "improved newsprint"); (iii) Resolute's reopening of the Dolbeau mill (machine #05) in October 2012 and close Laurentide machine #10 in November 2012 around the time PHP re-entered in Sept./Oct. 2012; (iv) Resolute's own deliberations to close the Laurentide mill in October 2014, and to sell the

³⁵ See diagrams in Kaplan Report, ¶ 48.

See diagrams in Kaplan Report, ¶¶ 40, 43, 46.

Catawba mill in January 2019; ³⁷ or (v) any other supply or demand factors. In other words, Dr. Kaplan considers no hindsight against his "theoretical" supply and demand curves for actual real world events having occurred or expected to occur with the passage of time since 2012.

6.0 DETAILED COMMENTS IN RESPECT OF THE HAUSMAN REPORT II

6.1 Summary of Dr. Hausman's Conclusions

27. The Hausman Report II opines, inter alia, that "[t]he reopening of PHP added 360,000 MT of capacity to the SC paper market, causing significant financial damage to Resolute's three [Canadian] SC Paper mills via price declines." He adds: "[the] analysis does not include PHP's negative effects on Resolute's quantities via lowered shipments and market related downtime at its three mills... the damages calculation only includes the price effects (underlining added)" In other words, Dr. Hausman's model is that of a price erosion claim only; such that Resolute's sold in the real world during 2013 - 2018 (including Resolute's closure of the Laurentide mill in 2014) are assumed by Dr. Hausman to be the same as his But-for world, resulting in no loss of Resolute volumes due to PHP's re-entry. 40

6.2 My Concerns with These Conclusions

28. Similar to Dr. Kaplan,⁴¹ Dr. Hausman states that "[t]he reopening of PHP added 360,000 MT of capacity to the SC paper market." My concerns with this statement are:

Resolute's productions of its deliberations surrounding the Laurentide closure in 2014 are minimal, contrary to expectation. Further, Resolute has not produced any of its deliberations surrounding the sale of Catawba in 2019.

³⁸ See Hausman Report II, ¶15.

³⁹ See Hausman Report II, ¶22.

Resolute's claim in the Damages phase now abandons its prior Article 1110 (Expropriation) claim in respect of the closure of its Laurentide mill in 2014 (Claimant's Memorial ¶14). As a result, Dr. Hausman's price erosion damages calculations in respect of Laurentide terminate with its closure in 2014.

⁴¹ See Section 5.0 above.

a)	Dr. Hausman refers to P	HP's "capacity", rather th	nan its actual	volumes s	sold into	o the
	North American market.	As noted in Section 8.3.	1 below,			

b) Dr. Hausman also refers to PHP's capacity being added generically to the "SC paper market", rather than stratifying such as between the various grades of SC paper. As noted in Section 4.1 and as further described in the 2019 Pöyry Expert Report, 42 the table below summarizes the grades in which PHP and Resolute compete.

SC Paper Grade	PHP vs. Resolute Markets	Other Competition

c)	Based on the foregoing,	
		. Dr. Hausman
	makes no inquiry or statement as to the impac	of such as related to competition or prices.

6.3 Summary of Dr. Hausman's Loss Calculations

29. Dr. Hausman then proceeds to calculate Resolute's losses under two scenarios and two loss periods, culminating in a range from USD \$163.7 million (which Hausman concludes is "more conservative" and his "final" amount) to USD \$201.9 million⁴³ using the following inputs, each of which I address in Sections 6.4 to 6.10 below.

⁴² See Pöyry Report, Section 2.1.

⁴³ See Hausman Report II, ¶48.

Table 4 Summary of Hausman's Model Inputs and Assumptions

Input	Hausman's Assumption	Section
Loss Period	Past Loss period of 2013 – 2017 (5 years) Future Loss period of 2018 – 2028 (11 years)	6.4
2013-17 Past Loss Period:		
But-for selling prices	% changes.	6.5
But-for variable costs	Scenario 1: % changes. Scenario 2: Resolute's purported expectations of a per annum.	6.6
Interest rate	Government of Canada T-Bill rates, compounded annually.	6.7
2018-28 Future Loss Perio	<u>d</u> :	
But-for profits	YoY decrement applied to his 2017 estimated But-for profit levels.	6.8
Discount rate	purported to be Resolute's internal WACC.	6.9
Currency	USD	6.10

6.4 Loss Periods

30. Dr. Hausman splits his analysis into two periods: 2013-2017 and 2018-2028; effectively a "Past Loss period" and a "Future Loss period". My comments in respect of this assumption are addressed in Sections 6.5 and 6.8 below.

6.5 But-for Selling Prices in the Past Loss Period

31. To determine the purported "price effects" of PHP's re-entry, Dr. Hausman starts by applying the RISI October 2011 five-year forecast (the "RISI October 2011 Five-Year Forecast") 44 for SCA prices (year-over-year ("YoY") % changes only) to each of Resolute's three Canadian mills' actual average mix of SC prices per MT (i.e. SCA, SCB, and SNC) in 2012, as set out in the table below.

⁴⁴ R-257, p.94.

Dr. Hausman states that he has used the RISI October 2011 forecast because "this was the last year without price effects from PHP's reopening." 45, 46

Table 5 RISI October 2011 Five-Year Forecast for SCA Prices (YoY % Change)⁴⁷

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
					assumed by Hausman

32. Dr. Hausman then compares the selling price assumptions (per MT) so derived for his But-for world for 2013 – 2017 versus Resolute's actual average selling prices for 2013 – 2017, which results in selling price differentials or erosion, purportedly on account of PHP's re-entry, as follows: 48

Table 6 Hausman's Selling Price Erosion (But-for Prices less Actual Prices) 2013 - 2017⁴⁹

US\$/MT		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Kénogami	But-for price Actual avg. price Differential (erosion)					
Dolbeau	But-for price Actual avg. price Differential (erosion)					
Laurentide	But-for price Actual avg. price Differential (erosion)					

See Schedules 30K, 30D, 30L.

⁴⁵ See Hausman Report II, ¶26.

Dr. Hausman cites the above-noted forecast to a 2, 18th page. He does not reference the R-257, RFP0012034, nor whether he has reviewed and/or considered any of the at Hausman Report II, Exhibit (which Resolute produced on February 8, 2019 as RFP0012034, nor whether he has reviewed and/or considered any of the

⁴⁷ See Hausman Report II, ¶27 and Exhibit 2, 18th page.

In his model, Dr. Hausman presents his loss calculations as: But-for profits (= But-for revenues less But-for variable costs) less Actual profits (= Actual revenues less Actual variable costs).

⁴⁹ See Hausman Report II, page 12, Table 2.

- 33. My concerns with Dr. Hausman's selling price assumption follow.
- 6.5.1 No Support for PHP's "Price Effect" Lasting from 2013 to 2017
- 34. Dr. Hausman's 2013 2017 past loss period assumes that PHP's re-entry in 2013 had a lasting and increasingly decremental effect on SC prices, without support for such, including that the , as follows.
- 6.5.2 RISI's

shown in the table below.

35. The table below compares the RISI October 2011 Five-Year Forecast for SCA prices versus the actuals that occurred. In contrast to the

as noted above, the

that

that

that culminating in its 2016

forecast of being than actuals of , as

Table 7 Comparison of RISI October 2011 Five-Year Forecast 2012-2016 versus Actuals 2012-2016 for SCA Prices

Forecast/Actuals	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
RISI Forecast Oct. 2011, without PHP reentry (US\$/ton)						
Forecast converted to (US\$/MT)						
Actuals (per RISI) with PHP re-entry (US\$/MT) / YoY %						
RISI Forecast prices (US\$/MT) than Actuals						

See Schedule 22 (Forecast); Schedule 21 (Actuals)

36. Comparing	g Table 7 pricing differentials above to the price erosion assumed by Dr. Hausman in Table
6 (ranging PHP's re-6	from), he effectively attributes the majority of the price difference to
37. However,	a closer look at 2013 prices and beyond show that:
a)	A price drop did temporarily occur in the first half of 2013 after PHP re-entry, but it was followed by a return to 2012 pricing (before PHP re-entry) in the second half of 2013. As further described in 7.2 below, various contemporaneous industry commentary (including RISI) largely determined
b)	In the year prior, during 2012 (when NewPage PH had <u>exited</u> the market), pricing did not exhibit the opposite phenomenon of a price hike over 2011 (with NewPage PH <u>in</u> the market). For example, RISI had forecasted a for 2012 when, in fact, prices (see Schedule 22).
c)	The 2019 Pöyry Expert Report similarly concludes that "the impact of PHP's exit and re-entry on SC-paper market prices was temporary and negligible in the long term." ⁵⁰
d)	RISI's previous February and June 2011 five-year price forecasts (each with New Page PH in the market) predicted (with PHP now out of the market) (see Schedule 22).
e)	RISI's follow-on February/June/November 2013 price forecasts (all with PHP having reentered) continued to in subsequent years, thereby (see Schedule 22).
6.5.3 RISI's	
38. In additio	n to forecasted SCA prices, the table below compares the RISI October 2011 Five-Year

⁵⁰ See Pöyry Report, Sections 1.5 and 5.1.

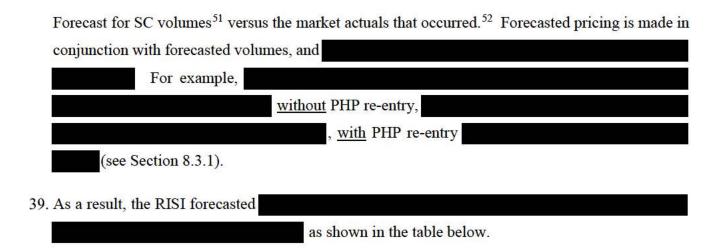
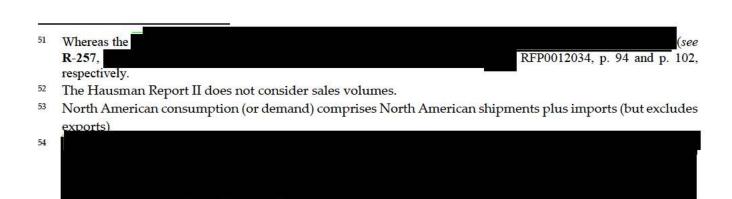


Table 8 Comparison of RISI October 2011 Five-Year Forecast 2012-2016 versus Actuals 2012-2016 for SC Volumes (North American Demand/Consumption)⁵³

Forecast/Actuals	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
RISI Forecast Oct. 2011, <u>without</u> PHP re-entry (000 tons)						100
Forecast converted to (000 MTs)						
Actuals (per PPPC), with PHP re-entry (000 MTs)						
RISI Forecast volumes (000 MTs) than Actuals						

See Schedule 23 (Forecast); Schedule 20 (Actuals)

(see Schedule 23).



40	Given that the volume levels forecasted by RISI for 2012 - 2016 were by the real world market that unfolded, and given the tied nature of a volume forecast with a price forecast, I consider it inappropriate to use the RISI October 2011 Five-Year Forecast as the basis for the 2013-2017 price forecast as Dr. Hausman has done in his But-for world.
6.5	.4 Dr. Hausman's Model is Flawed
41	In addition to the foregoing, Dr. Hausman's model itself is flawed, which is best illustrated by the damages figure it calculates if one were to substitute an alternate price forecast for that of Dr. Hausman's RISI 2011 forecast. As noted in Section 6.5 (Tables 5 and 6) above, Dr. Hausman's use of RISI's October 2011 forecasts of YoY percentage changes in SCA prices generated price differentials or erosion ranging from for Kénogami, for Dolbeau, and
42	In contrast to Dr. Hausman's price differentials, ."55
43	In the 2019 Pöyry Expert Report, Pöyry concludes, with retrospect, that
	, and that the July 2013 price increase "is proof of a strong market in 2013 rather than the market weakness that PHP's re-entry was expected to cause, and it indicates a short-term price impact, if any, of PHP's re-entry." ⁵⁶
44	, and that the July 2013 price increase "is proof of a strong market in 2013 rather than the market weakness that PHP's re-entry was expected to cause, and it indicates a short-term price
44	, and that the July 2013 price increase "is proof of a strong market in 2013 rather than the market weakness that PHP's re-entry was expected to cause, and it indicates a short-term price impact, if any, of PHP's re-entry." ⁵⁶ Notwithstanding, using Dr. Hausman's model, if one were to substitute the RISI October 2011 Five

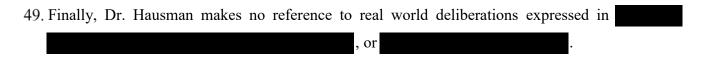
thus, Resolute's) selling prices would have been but-for PHP's re-entry, Dr. Hausman's loss quantum would change from US\$163.7 million to <u>negative</u> US\$109.3 million [!], thus negating any loss claim (see Schedule 31). This irrational result clearly renders Dr. Hausman's model and conclusions as untenable (see also Section 6.6 re: variable costs below).

5.	, Resolute also had a 2012 forecast as contained in its
which stated:	
7	

- 46. Again, using Dr. Hausman's model, if one were to substitute the Resolute in 2012 of what the market (and thus, Resolute's) selling prices would have been but-for PHP's re-entry, Dr. Hausman's loss quantum would change from US\$163.7 million to negative US\$39.9 million [!], again negating any loss claim (see Schedule 32).
- 6.5.5 No Hindsight for 2013-2017 Applied and No New Forecasts for 2018-2028
- 48. Dr. Hausman does not comment as to any real world events having occurred during 2013 2017, nor any forecasted to occur during 2018-2028, and their impact on SC paper volumes and prices (across all SC grades of SCA+/++, SCA, SCB and SNC), such as: (i) continued reductions in SC demand; (ii) grade substitutions between the coated mechanical ("CM" or "coated") and SCA+ grades or between SNC and uncoated mechanical ("UM" or generally "improved newsprint"); (iii)

⁵⁷ R-258 RFP011901.

Resolute's re-opening of the Dolbeau mill (machine #05) in October 2012 and close Laurentide machine #10 in November 2012 around the time PHP re-entered in Sept./Oct. 2012; (iv) Resolute's own deliberations to close the Laurentide mill in October 2014, and to sell the Catawba mill in January 2019; ⁵⁸ or (v) any other supply or demand factors. In other words, Dr. Hausman applies no hindsight to his damages calculations for actual real world events having occurred or expected to occur with the passage of time since 2011.



6.5.6 Incongruent Selections

50. Dr. Hausman selects RISI's selling price forecast over Resolute's own forecasts of the possible selling price impact of a PHP re-opening.⁵⁹ Yet, for his variable costs assumption, Dr. Hausman conversely selects Resolute's forecasts (for his "final" conclusion) over RISI (see also Section 6.6 below).

6.6 But-for Variable Costs in the Past Loss Period

51. In his first Scenario of the But-for world, Dr. Hausman applies RISI's October 2011 Five-Year Forecast for US Uncoated Mechanical Paper "variable" costs (YoY % changes only) to each of Resolute's three Canadian mills' average "Direct" costs (per MT) in 2012 (for Kénogami) or Q1 2013 (for Dolbeau, Laurentide). In his second Scenario, which his "final" conclusion represents, Dr. Hausman applies Resolute's purported expectations of a per annum (per MT) to the same 2012 / Q1 2013 bases noted above, as follows:

Resolute's productions of its deliberations surrounding the Laurentide closure in 2014 are minimal, contrary to expectation. Further, Resolute has not produced any of its deliberations surrounding the sale of Catawba in 2019.

See Hausman Report II, ¶ 24 footnote 25 states: "Resolute had some internal forecasts with constant prices for all of their paper products [uncited]; however, RISI prices are a better indicator of the market. RISI is accepted as the industry standard on pricing in the SCP market. [uncited]"

Table 9 Dr. Hausman's Variable Costs Scenarios (YoY % Change) 2013 – 2017 60

Alternative:	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1) RISI 5-yr forecast for US Uncoated Mech.					assumed by Hausman
2) Resolute "expectation"					

- 52. From both of these variable costs (per MT) assumptions in Dr. Hausman's But-for world for 2013 2017, he effectively deducts Resolute's actual variable costs during 2013 2017.⁶¹
- 53. My concerns with Dr. Hausman's two alternative variable costs assumptions follow.
- 6.6.1 Variable Cost Assumption Flawed
- in the Real world (with PHP re-entry) would have been the same as with his But-for world (without PHP re-entry). However, he then assumes that Resolute's variable costs on these identical volumes would have been higher in his But-for world versus the Real world. I consider this a flaw and it is unclear why Dr. Hausman applies this divergence (his report is silent on the issue).
- 55. While market selling prices and producers' costs may move somewhat in tandem (albeit with constant changes in producers' resultant gross margins as they continually adjust to the matrix of increases/decreases in input costs and increases/decreases in selling prices),⁶² it is not clear why Dr. Hausman appears to be claiming that absent PHP's re-entry: (a) market selling prices would have

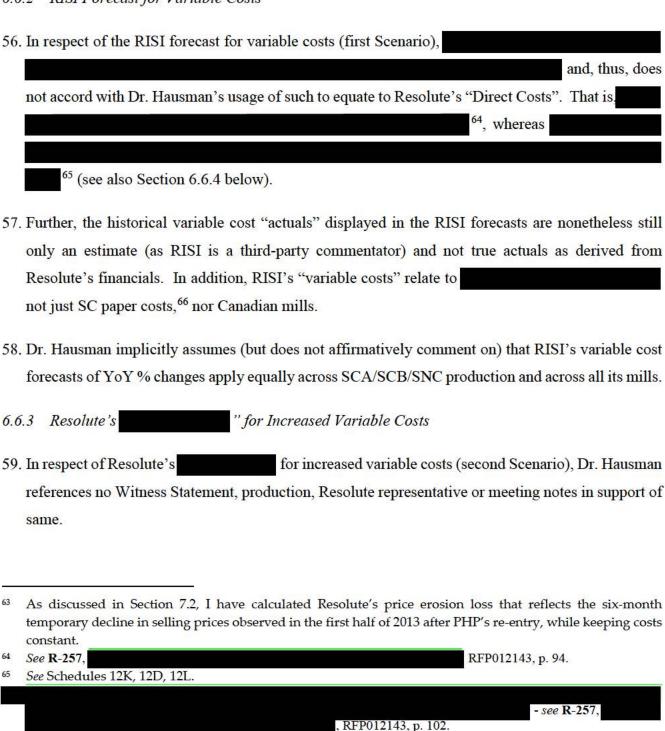
See Hausman Report II, $\P\P$ 31-32 and Tables 3, 4, 6 and 7.

In his model, Dr. Hausman presents his loss calculations as: But-for profits (= But-for revenues less But-for variable costs) less Actual profits (= Actual revenues less Actual variable costs).

According to Resolute's 10-Ks "Risk Factors" during 2013 – 2018, it states: "For our commodity products, the relationship between industry supply and demand, rather than changes in the cost of raw materials, will determine our ability to increase prices. Consequently, we may be unable to pass along increases in our operating costs to our customers." See R-248, Resolute Forest Products Inc., Annual Report for the Fiscal Year Ended Dec. 31, 2013 (Form 10-K); R-249, Dec. 31, 2014, R-250, Dec. 31, 2015, R-251, Dec. 31, 2016, R-252, Dec. 31, 2017, R-245, Dec. 31, 2018.

been higher due to lessened competition; <u>as well as</u> (b) Resolute's three primary (and Québec-based) input costs of wood fibre, labour and power would have also been higher. ⁶³

5.0.2	RISI Forecast	tor	Variable	Costs
0.0.2	KISI Forecasi	jor	variable	C

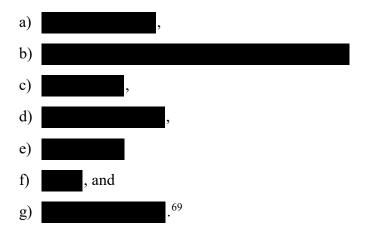


60. In fact, Resolute's expectation of a	by Resolute's actual
"Direct Costs" for 2012/13 - 2017 for	for each of its Kénogami, Dolbeau and Laurentide mills, which
	respectively (see Schedule 16).

6.6.4 Resolute's Fixed versus Variable Costs

61. Dr. Hausman implicitly assumes (but does not affirmatively comment on) that the components of the "Variable Costs" per RISI's forecast are equivalent to Resolute's "Direct Costs" per its Profit & Loss Statements ("P&Ls"). 68 As noted in Section 6.6.2 above, they are , whereas

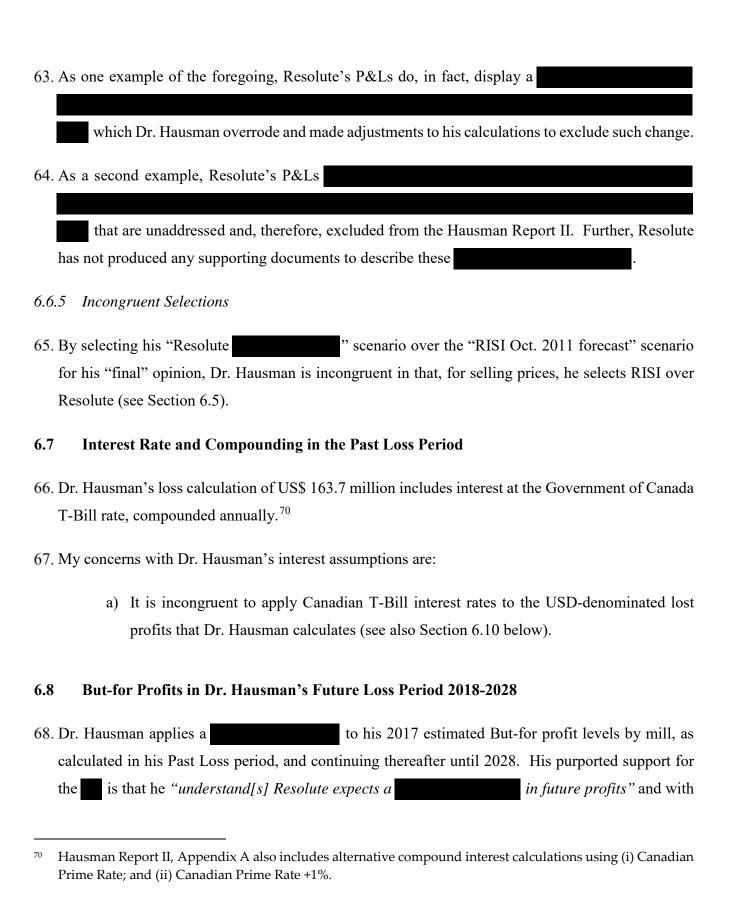
62. Dr. Hausman also makes no reference to querying whether any "Fixed Costs" reported in Resolute's P&Ls should instead be included in its Direct Costs (the latter of which Dr. Hausman equates to variable costs for his calculations). I note that, on the basis of the names alone of various line items in Resolute's Fixed Costs, the following may, in whole or in part, be more accurately described as Variable Costs (and which are, as such, included in RISI's figures):



67 CAGR means compounded annual growth rate. The CAGR in respect of while

I refer to Resolute's as "P&Ls" (or Profit & Loss Statements, which I have summarized at Schedules 12K, 12D, 12L and 12C); whereas Dr. Hausman refers to same as "Scorecards".

⁶⁹ Further information from Resolute is required to conclude in this regard.



reference to the . ⁷¹
69. My concerns with Dr. Hausman's future period lost profits assumptions follow.
6.8.1 Resolute's "Decline in YoY Profits
70. In respect of Resolute's , Dr. Hausman references no Witnes Statement, production, Resolute representative or meeting notes in support of same.
71. The is nor the SC market during 2013 – 2018. For example:
a) As noted in Section 4.3 above, Resolute's Kénogami and Dolbeau mills experienced whereby increasing weakness in the CAD denominated in USD, thus . With the USD:CAD exchange rate differential moderating at approximately 1.00:1.30 since 2015-16, Resolute's
b) In addition, as noted in Section 4.4 Table 3 above, overall SC paper market volume experienced . This secular decline is noted by Dr. Hausman and by Dr. Kaplan. Yet, neither expert cite any current date forecasts of Resolute or others in respect of future sales volumes (o selling prices or variable costs).
72. In summary, Dr. Hausman's adoption of a for 2018 - 2028 translates, in effect, into either a for a for 2018 - 2028 translates, in the effect, into either a for a for 2018 - 2028 translates, in the effect, into either a for a for 2018 - 2028 translates, in the effect, into either a for a for 2018 - 2028 translates, in the effect, into either a for a for 2018 - 2028 translates, in the effect, into either a for 2018 - 2028 translates, in the effect, in t
See Hausman Report II, ¶42.

Resolute has not produced its 2018 results by mill, showing the impact of the 2018 SC price increases.

See Hausman Report II, ¶8; Kaplan Report ¶17.

(or a combination thereof), nor reflects appropriate risk (see also Section 6.9 below).

6.8.2 11-Year Future Loss Period

- 73. Dr. Hausman states that his future loss period of 2018 2028 derives from his "understanding that Resolute has plans to run the Dolbeau and Kénogami mills beyond 2028 without large planned investments" and his "confidence that the SCP industry will exist in its present state in 10 years, but beyond 10 years I am less certain." ⁷⁴ For this, Dr. Hausman references no Witness Statement, production, Resolute representative or meeting notes in support of same.
- 74. Most important is that Dr. Hausman's 11-year future loss period assumes that PHP's full re-entry in the SC paper market in 2013 continues to cause a lasting and permanent decremental effect on SC prices (at least to 2028) without any support for such.
- 75. The arbitrariness of Dr. Hausman's 11-year future loss period of 2018 2028 and the cut-off at a 2028 terminal year is also shown by how the lost profits calculated by Dr. Hausman suddenly end in 2028 despite his calculations of Resolute nonetheless generating

 . 75 In my view, this also indicates that Dr. Hausman's Future Loss period is inappropriate, even on his own theory.
- 76. Finally, as noted in Section 6.5.5, Dr. Hausman does not comment as to any real world events having occurred during 2013 2017, nor any forecasted to occur during 2018 2028, and their impact on SC paper volumes and prices such as: (i) continued reductions in SC demand; (ii) grade substitutions; (iii) Resolute's decision to close the Laurentide mill in October 2014, and to sell the Catawba mill in January 2019; or (iv) any other supply or demand factors.

⁷⁴ See Hausman Report II, ¶43.

⁷⁵ See Hausman Report II, ¶43 and Exhibit 2.

6.9 Discount Rate in the Future Loss Period

77. Dr. Hausman applies a	discount rate to present	value his 2018	3 – 2028 Future Lo	ss period
damages to January 1, 2018	3. He states that the	represents "	Resolute's internal	weighted
average cost of capital (WAC	CC)." ⁷⁶			

- 78. My concerns with Dr. Hausman's future period discount rate assumption are:
 - a) Dr. Hausman references no Witness Statement, production, Resolute representative or meeting notes in support of same.
 - b) While unstated, I presume Dr. Hausman is referring to the internal WACC of Resolute Forest Products Inc., being the U.S. parent company, and not necessarily the remaining two Canadian SC paper mills (Kénogami and Dolbeau). In my view, the discounting of the cash flows of the Kénogami and Dolbeau SC paper mills should reflect the higher risks of those two mills alone compared to the more-diversified parent company. For example, Resolute's total company sales in 2018 were US\$ 3.756 billion,⁷⁷ whereas the Kénogami and Dolbeau mills sales were
- 79. Accordingly, the appropriate discount rate to present value Resolute's future losses should be significantly higher to reflect:
 - a) The likelihood of the premise that PHP's full re-entry in 2013 continues to have a lasting and permanent decremental effect on SC selling prices through to 2028;
 - b) The risks embedded in Dr. Hausman's future cash flows as derived from a noted above;

⁷⁶ See Hausman Report II, ¶44.

⁷⁷ **R-245**, Resolute Forest Products Inc., Annual Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Form 10-K), p. 31.

Calculated from Resolute's P&Ls for 2017 (last year available) of respectively (*see* Schedules 12K and 12D), totaling at 1.2986 F/X rate (*see* Schedule 40).

- c) The risk of Resolute closing or selling Kénogami or Dolbeau, as it did with Laurentide in 2014 and Catawba in 2019, respectively;
- d) The potential for other SC paper producers' closures or re-starts, as well as changes in foreign imports.
- 80. Finally, Dr. Hausman employs an "end-of-year" convention to discount his future cash flows to a current date (being January 1, 2018 in the Hausman Report II). By doing so, Dr. Hausman's model calculates as if Resolute's (lost) profits were generated at the end of each future year. In my view, this is an error. The use of a "mid-year" convention is generally considered more appropriate in damages quantification.

6.10 Currency

- 81. Dr. Hausman conducts his analysis of Resolute's But-for and actual selling prices, variable costs and (lost) profits all in USD.
- 82. My concerns with Dr. Hausman's currency assumption are:
 - a) Resolute's three Canadian mills reported their financial results
 - b) As noted in Section 6.7, it is incongruent to calculate USD-denominated lost profits but then apply Canadian T-Bill interest rates thereto.
 - c) In my view, it is more appropriate to calculate Resolute's losses in CAD, and convert to USD either annually, or as a lump-sum at the date of judgment.

6.11 Conclusion

83. Based on the foregoing, it is my view that Dr. Hausman's model, assumptions, and conclusions so derived are inappropriate and untenable. My calculations of Resolute's price erosion loss are presented in Section 7.2.

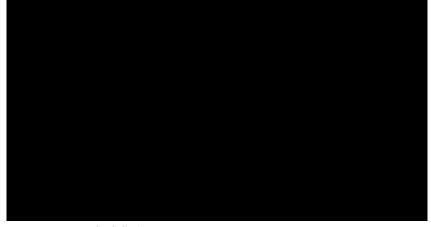
7.0 CALCULATION OF RESOLUTE'S LOST PROFITS FROM PRICE EROSION

7.1 Introduction

84. I have been asked to quantify the price erosion loss incurred by Resolute, if any, using the assumption provided by Canada that the entire benefits package provided by GNS to PWCC breached NAFTA Articles 1102 and 1105, and was the sole reason PHP re-entered the SC paper market.

7.2 Lost Profits from Price Erosion

85. When PHP fully re-entered the SC paper in 2013, there was an observed price decline in the first half of the year, followed by a rebound in the second half of 2013 to the price levels of 2012 before PHP re-entered, as seen in the graph below:



See Schedule 1

86. The industry commentary prepared at the time in 2013 largely determined the price decline to be temporary and that PHP's added volumes from re-entry were absorbed in the market with little impact. For example:

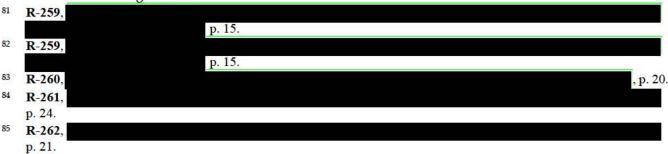


⁷⁹ **R-236**,

b) "...there was not a sustained drop in price that resulted from the Port Hawkesbury resumption. It is true <u>initially there was a small impact</u>, but that was mainly speculative because people remembered what the product mix of NewPage owned PH mill was. However, after it became apparent that the new PH was servicing customers that had been absent from the <u>SC paper market prices came back up</u>." ⁸⁰



⁸⁰ C-236, Transcript of Proceedings before U.S. International Trade Commission in re Supercalendered Paper from Canada, Inv. No. 701-TA-530 (Oct. 22, 2015), pp. 170-171, Testimony of John Coche, an independent consulting specialist in the paper business for 45 years whose major clients include purchasers of SC paper such as Parade Magazine.





87. In contrast to the above, one observation appeared to go against the otherwise consistent commentary:



p. 22.
87 R-263,
88 R-263,
99 R-264,
p. 24.

90
88. Based on the foregoing largely consistent commentary in 2013 concluding as to the temporary price effects of PHP's re-entry, I have calculated a six-month price erosion loss as follows:
 a) For the period January to June 2013, I determined the actual volumes sold by Kénogami, Dolbeau and Laurentide; and
b) I applied the estimated selling price differential experienced during January to June 2013 of calculated as the difference between the lower selling prices in Q1/Q2 2013 compared to the higher prices of Q4 2012 and Q3 2013).
89. The 2019 Pöyry Expert Report similarly concludes that "the impact of PHP's exit and re-entry on SC-paper market prices was temporary and negligible in the long term." ⁹¹
7.2.1 Price Erosion Conclusion
90. Based on the foregoing, I calculated the lost profits from price erosion at C\$9.419 million (see Schedule 1).
7.3 Interest
91. I have been asked by Canada not to include interest.
7.4 Currency
92. Resolute's three Canadian mills reported their financial results calculated Resolute's lost profits in 2013
90 R-265 , p 25.

See Pöyry Report, Sections 1.5 and 5.1.

7.5 Conclusion

93. Based on the foregoing, and under the assumption (pursuant to Resolute's allegations) that, but for the entire benefits package provided by GNS to PWCC, PHP would not have re-entered the SC paper market in 2013 (or ever), I have calculated Resolute's price erosion loss as follows:

Table 10 Summary of Resolute's Price Erosion Losses

\$ millions	Amount
Price Erosion loss (2013)	CAD 9.419
Interest	not calculated
Total	<u>CAD 9.419</u>

94. The following table compares my loss quantum conclusions to that of the Hausman Report II:

Table 11 Comparison of Steger's versus Hausman's Loss Quantum

\$ millions		Steger	Haus	man ⁹²
Past Loss Period	2013	CAD 9.419	2013 - 2017	USD 100.248
Future Loss Period	n/a		2018 - 2028	USD 60.646
Interest (Past Loss period)		not calculated		USD 2.802 (compound)
Total		<u>CAD 9.419</u>		<u>USD 163.695</u>

8.0 PWCC / PHP – ELECTRICITY AND EBITDA IMPROVEMENTS, AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

8.1 PWCC's Electricity Initiatives

95. Claimant's Memorial takes issue with the agreement to purchase the PH mill (where it is frequently mentioned as one of the

⁹² Reflects Dr. Hausman's "final" conclusion (see Hausman Report II, ¶48).

	.93, 94 While it does appear that compared to previous owner NewPage, the
	than Claimant's Memorial would suggest.
proposed mill's act fell apart	under PWCC's original proposed (but failed) partnership arrangement with NSP CC/NSPI Proposal") would have been
97. In summa	ary, under the terms of the PWCC/NSPI Proposal:
a)	PWCC would acquire control of NewPage Port Hawkesbury ("NPPH") and enter into agreements that would enable NPPH to self-supply electricity to the PH mill. The self-supply would require a relationship with NSPI whereby certain electricity generation assets were dedicated to the use by a partnership in which each of NPPH and NSPI would initially be limited partners; 98
94 My review	ant's Memorial, Sections II-D (1) at pp. 17-20 and II-E (1) at pp. 25-30. w of the electricity issue is to provide context for the managements.

[;] R-266, , CAN000082 , CAN000082

The terms of the PWCC/NSPI Proposal are set out in the application that was jointly submitted by NSPI and PWCC for Approval of a Load Retention Rate filed with the Nova Scotia Utility and Review Board (NSUARB) on April 27, 2012 (Claimant's Memorial Exhibit C-166) (the "Application"). The PWCC/NSPI Proposal addressed, inter alia, the applicants' proposed arrangement for paying the costs of electricity used by the PH mill. The terms of the PWCC/NSPI Proposal are also generally described in the NSUARB's subsequent decision approving the Application dated August 20, 2012 (Claimant's Memorial Exhibit C-184) (the "Decision"), whereby the regulator approved the PWCC/NSPI Proposal pending the Canada Revenue Agency's (CRA's) acceptance of the proposed arrangement from a tax perspective.

The CRA's ATR has not been produced. NSUARB's approval of the Application was conditional upon the CRA's acceptance of the arrangement, for which PWCC and NSPI had jointly filed a request for an Advanced Tax Ruling ("ATR") (C-166 Application Section 4.1 pg. 17, and C-184 Decision ¶31 pg. 11 and ¶144 pg. 48).

C-184, In re an Application by Pacific West Commercial Corporation and Nova Scotia Power Incorporated, Decision (UARB) (Aug. 20, 2012), ¶ 17 p. 7.

- b) NSPI would subsequently transfer its partnership interest to NPPH in exchange for 30% of the common shares and all of the first and second preferred shares of NPPH;⁹⁹
- c) In exchange for dedicated use of NSPI's electricity generation assets, NSPI would receive weekly preferred share dividends for the after-tax value of electricity consumed by the PH mill. The proposed structure would allow PWCC to utilize tax losses of NPPH, and NSPI to receive inter-corporate dividends which, unlike revenue from the sale of electricity, would not be subject to income tax;¹⁰⁰
- d) The Application stated: "NS Power will not receive tariff revenue in respect of the electricity production from the Facilities subject to the DUA [Dedication of Use Agreement]. However, it will receive preferred share dividends, calculated on the basis described above, which will leave NS Power in the same after-tax position as if it had received tariff revenue. It is intended that this structure will be tax-efficient for NPPH given its substantial tax loss carry forwards (this result will be confirmed in the ATR). From the perspective of NS Power, the key aspect of the ATR is to confirm that the payments by NPPH of the preferred share dividends will be treated as tax-free dividends for income tax purposes."; 101 and,
- e) Preferred share dividends paid by NPPH to NSPI would be equal to the costs of the partnership's electricity usage, minus a facilities Operating & Maintenance (O&M) charge of C\$10/MWh.¹⁰²

⁹⁹ C-166, April 2012 Application for approval for a LRR for facility at Port Hawkesbury (April 27, 2012), Section 4.1 sub(12) p. 15, and C-184, In re an Application by Pacific West Commercial Corporation and Nova Scotia Power Incorporated, Decision (UARB) (Aug. 20, 2012), ¶ 34 sub(11) p. 15.

C-166, April 2012 Application for approval for a LRR for facility at Port Hawkesbury (April 27, 2012), Section 4.1 p.
 17, and C-184, In re an Application by Pacific West Commercial Corporation and Nova Scotia Power Incorporated, Decision (UARB) (Aug. 20, 2012), ¶ 17 p. 8.

C-166, April 2012 Application for approval for a LRR for facility at Port Hawkesbury (April 27, 2012), Section 4.1 p. 17.

C-166, April 2012 Application for approval for a LRR for facility at Port Hawkesbury (April 27, 2012), Section 4.1 sub (9) pg. 14, and C-184, In re an Application by Pacific West Commercial Corporation and Nova Scotia Power Incorporated, Decision (UARB) (Aug. 20, 2012), ¶ 34 sub(6) p. 13.

98. The NSUARB's Decision included an illustration of the settlement mechanism for electricity in the PWCC/NSPI Proposal. ¹⁰³ In the illustration, an assumed total variable electricity rate of C\$48.67/MWh (including both usage and capex adder) is reduced by the C\$10/MWh O&M charge, and the resultant rate of C\$38.67/MWh is then tax-effected at a 31% tax rate to come to a net tax-effected rate of C\$26.68/MWh (i.e., a tax-effect = C\$11.99/MWh). The C\$10/MWh O&M charge is then re-added to the net tax-effected rate of C\$26.68/MWh to calculate the final overall variable electricity cost to be settled of C\$36.68/MWh:

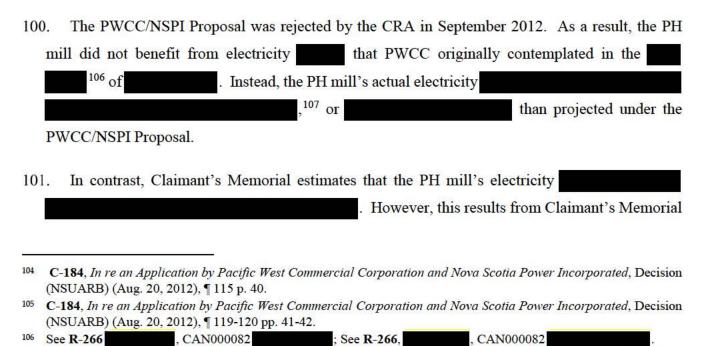
3.4	Settlement Mechanism	
[128]	NPPH has significant tax losses and, according	ngly, the earnings of the
partnersh	ip that flow through it will not attract income tax (sub	ject to a favourable ATR).
As such,	PHP will be able to pay dividends on the earnings at	a tax efficient rate. These
dividends	are the means within the settlement mechanism to	enable the partnership to
discharge	e the liability for the supply of electricity and steam, a	s illustrated by PWCC for
electricity		
	PIP makesive of variable OM&G (perMWh) (for illustration only, will be based on actual cost experienced)	\$47.50
	Variable Capex adder	1.17
	Minus Facilities O&MG Minus 31% (ax savings (based on 31%)	\$48.67 10.00 \$38.67 \$11.99
	Income Tax rate)	\$26.68
	Add back (since paid to NSPI for facilities OM&G)	_10.00
		\$36.68
		[Exhibit P-3, p. 12]

- 99. Regarding the fixed component of electricity costs under the PWCC/NSPI Proposal:
 - a) The NSUARB approved that the partnership: "... make a minimum \$2 per MWh contribution towards the Fixed Cost Recovery (FCR) Deferral. This is less than the \$4 per MWh contribution to fixed costs in Bowater's LRT. As noted by PWCC and NSPI, Bowater was not assuming the fuel price risk, and hence a higher contribution to fixed

¹⁰³ C-184, In re an Application by Pacific West Commercial Corporation and Nova Scotia Power Incorporated, Decision (UARB) (Aug. 20, 2012), ¶ 128 p. 43.

costs was required. As well, NSPI has the ability to earn more than the \$2 per MWh, and even more than the \$4 per MWh for the FCR Deferral through its 30% interest in PHP. The dividend policy of PHP will be to pay 60% of the profits to the common shareholders. The business plan projects this to yield, in the near future, more than \$4 per MWh." ¹⁰⁴

b) The NSUARB also stated, "PWCC's acceptance of the fuel risk justifies a lower minimum contribution to fixed costs than under the current load retention rate. There is an expectation that there will be an additional contribution from common share dividends. If the \$2 per MWh contribution and the additional common share dividends do not result in a minimum \$20 million total contribution to fixed costs, then the rate will be re-opened after five years. The Board believes customers are clearly better off with this contribution than if the PH mill does not operate over the course of the next five to seven and a half years." ¹⁰⁵



, represents an annual savings of approximately

, CAN000082

with an average

per year compared to

than the 2011 rate PH mill paid of

which, for an average annual load of

during 2013-2015 (refer to paras. 118-120 of Claimant's Memorial,

Claimant's Memorial estimates PH mill's actual electricity costs/usage to be approximately

electricity costs under previous owner NewPage in 2011. See also Schedule 28B.

annual load of approximately

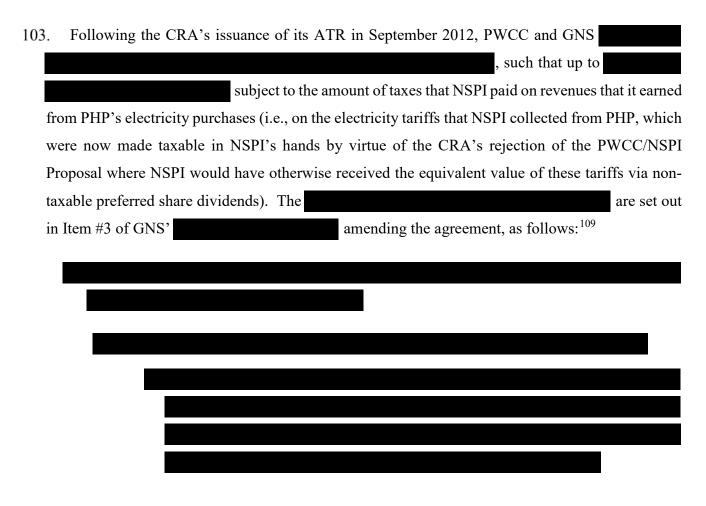
approximately

Section II-G). An average rate of approximately

indicated in the R-266,

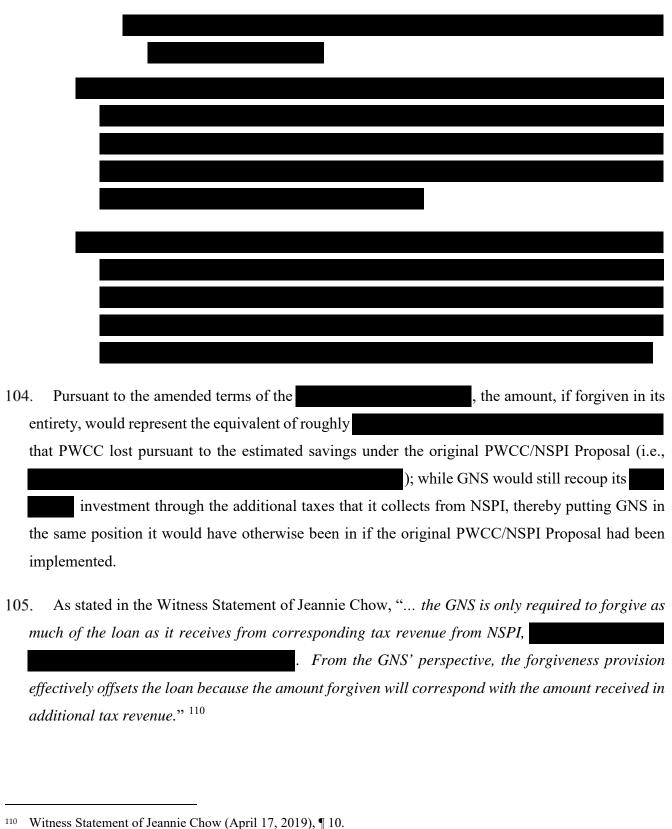
comparing the PH mill's estimated actual costs to the higher electricity costs that Claimant claims the PH mill would have paid during 2013-2015 under the LRT "previously given to NewPage-Port Hawkesbury". ¹⁰⁸

102. By virtue of CRA's ATR, the electricity tariffs received by NSPI from the PH mill are not treated as tax-free receipts for income tax purposes, and NSPI therefore pays tax to GNS in respect of these receipts.

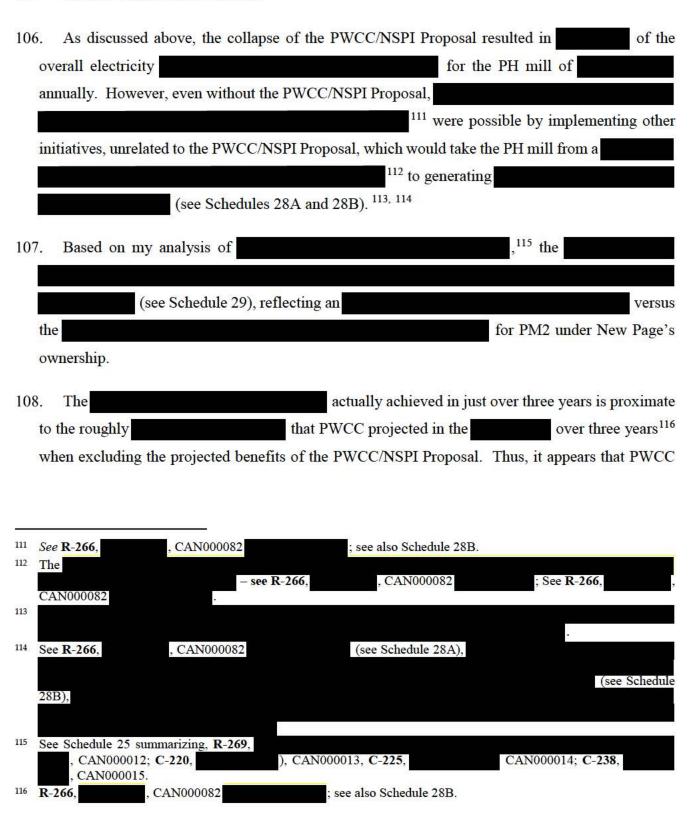


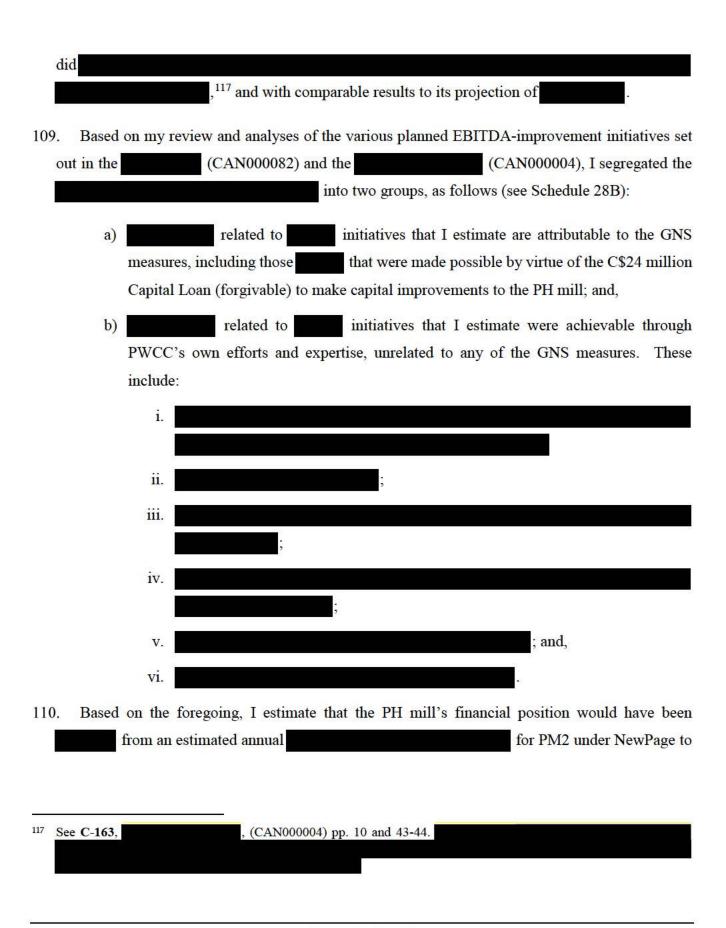
Claimant's Memorial, ¶¶ 118-120, Section II-G. I note that the Witness Statement of Murray Coolican (April 17, 2019), ¶ 10, indicated that, while the NSUARB approved the requested amendments to the LRT *and* a specific LRR for Resolute's Bowater Mersey mill effective from January 1, 2012, the NSUARB deferred a decision on a LRR for Port Hawkesbury until a new owner came forward since the PH mill had been in creditor protection proceedings under Canada's *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* since September 2011 and it was uncertain whether the PH mill would continue as a going concern.

Claimant's Memorial, Exhibit C-195,

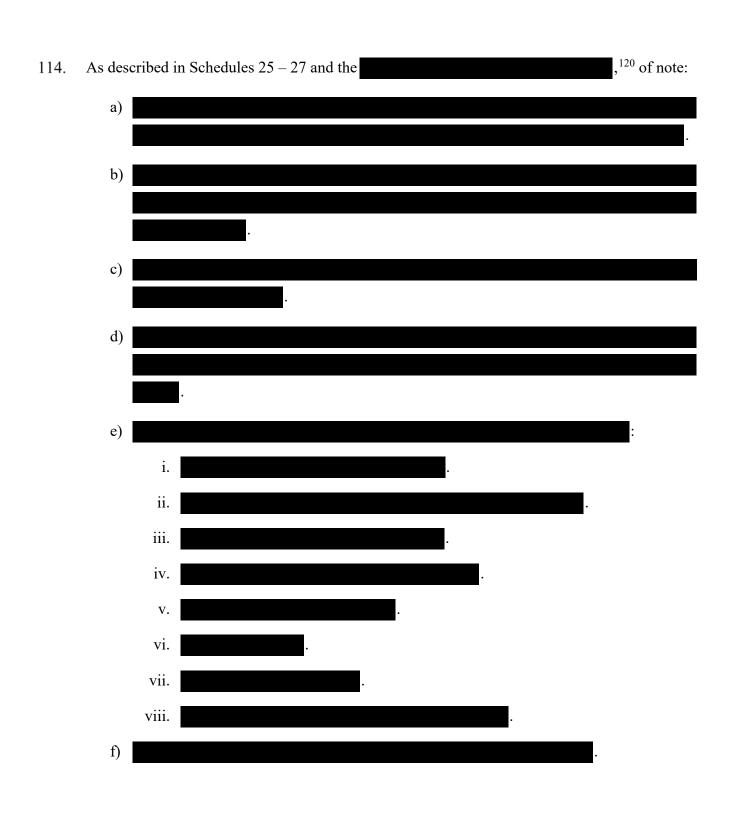


8.2 PWCC's EBITDA Initiatives





generating 118 after implementing the various management-directed initiatives contemplated by PWCC and before any assistance derived
from GNS measures.
111. I further note that
by similarly
.119
112. Finally, in conjunction with my estimate of the
based solely on management-directed initiatives contemplated by PWCC
(and before any assistance derived from GNS measures), I note that the
(see Schodule 28C)
(see Schedule 28C).
8.3 PHP's Financial Results 2010 - 2015
113. PHP's financial results are available for the years 2010 – 2015 and are summarized below:
118
as calculated on Schedule 28B.
119 C-109 , Resolute), RFP0004981.



120 **R-269**, CAN000013, **C-225** CAN000014; **C-238**, CAN000015.

Steger Report pg 47

8.3.1 PHP's Capacity versus Actual Production

- 115. The stated SC paper capacity of PHP is 360,000 MTs, however, its actual annual volumes sold are not known as PHP is a private company and it has not disclosed such directly. However, other sources of information indicate that PHP
 - a) The USITC testimony of Mr. Mike Ostrowski, VP of SC Sales for West Linn Paper, which provides sales and marketing services for PHP. In October 2015, Mr. Ostrowski stated: "400,000 tons [360,000 MT], that's our stated capacity. You can look at the briefs and look at the production for the last two years, it's a far cry from 400,000 tons [360,000 MT]." 121
 - b) In its Initial Questionnaire Responses to the US Department of Commerce's investigation on Supercalendered Paper, PHP provided is sales and exports figures for 2012 2014, as follows: ¹²²

Table 13 Summary of PHP Volumes 2012 - 2014

Year	Total Sales – tons (MTs)	Total Exports – tons (MTs)	Total Exports to U.S. – tons (MTs)
2012	72,000 (65,300)	70,000 (63,500)	60,000 (54,400)
2013	330,000 (299,400) 123	350,000 (317,500)	325,000 (294,800)
2014	375,000 (340,200)	325,000 (294,800)	300,000 (272,200)

c) In _______, calculated as follows: in 2015, PHPLP's gross revenue was ______; and, Resolute's Kénogami mill earned an average selling price of _______ of SCA/SCB paper sold. Applying Kénogami's

C-236, Transcript of Proceedings before U.S. International Trade Commission in re Supercalendered Paper from Canada, Inv. No. 701-TA-530 (Oct. 22, 2015), pg 164:4-7. I have not found a statement as to PHP's actual volume figures therein.

¹²² C-046, Port Hawkesbury Paper Initial Questionnaire Response, 27 May 2015, pp. 13-14.

The 2013 and 2014 figures appear to be transposed in this column compared to the other two columns.

average selling price per MT to PHP's gross revenues, generates a PHP volume figure of approximately

116. Based on the foregoing, the available data for PHP's actual volumes indicate volumes rather than stated capacity of 360,000 MT.

9.0 ASSUMPTIONS

- 117. Assumptions used in the preparation of this report are set out in the report and attached schedules.
- 118. Information indicating assumptions contrary to those noted in this report and the attached schedules would require a review of the conclusions reached herein.

10.0 RESTRICTIONS

- 119. This report has been prepared only for the purpose described herein and is not intended for general circulation or publication. It is not to be reproduced or used for any other purpose without our prior written permission in each specific instance. CHS does not assume any responsibility or liability for losses occasioned to any party as a result of the circulation, publication, reproduction or use of this report contrary to the provisions of this paragraph.
- 120. CHS reserves the right (but will be under no obligation) to review and/or revise any and all assumptions and/or calculations included in or referred to in this report, and if considered necessary, to revise this report in light of further information which becomes known after the date of this report.
- 121. The analysis, calculations and considerations contained herein must be considered as a whole; selecting portions thereof could lead to a misleading view of the conclusions set out in this report.

Yours truly,

COHEN HAMILTON STEGER & CO. INC.

Per: Peter Steger CPA, CA•IFA, CBV, CFE, CFF

Principal

:nm Encl

SCHEDULES

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Estimate of Resolute's Lost Profits from Price Erosion

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.,	•	и	c	ч	ш		•	_

							2013 - Monthly	Actual Volumes		
Actual Sales Volumes (MT)	Kénogami Dolbeau Laurentide Total	<u>Notes</u> [1] [2] [3]	Ref A1 A2 A3 A	Total Jan to June 2013	January	February	March	April	May	June
Estimated Selling Price Erosion - J Resolute's Total Lost Profits from		[4]	B C = A x B	CAD 9,419,194						

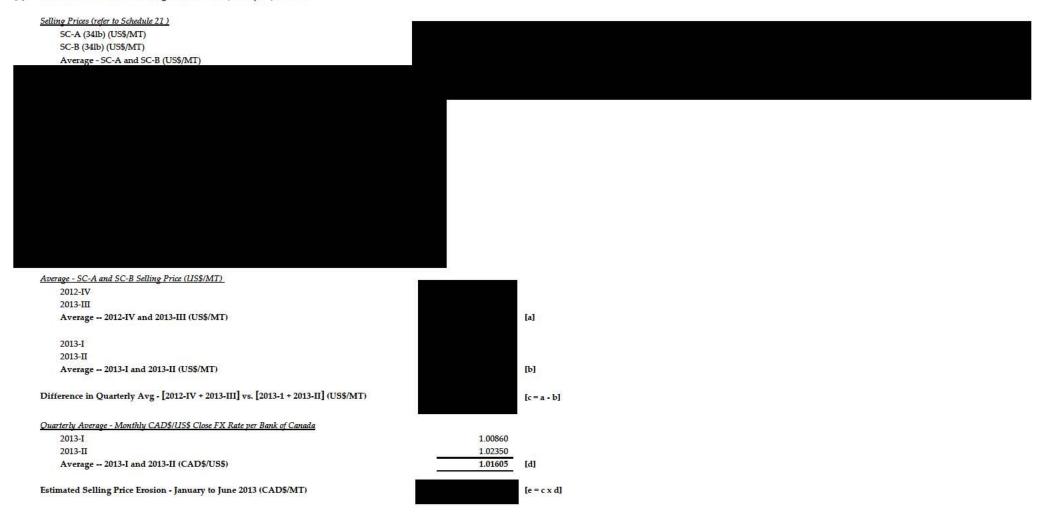
GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Estimate of Resolute's Lost Profits from Price Erosion

Schedule 1

Notes:

- [1] Source: C-262, Kénogami "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statement] for 2013 (RFP0009312, Tab act_mnthly).
- Source: C-256, Dolbeau "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statement] for 2013 (RFP0009303, Tab act_mnthly).
- [3] Source: C-253, Laurentide "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statement] for 2013 (RFP0009308, Tab act_mnthly).
- [4] Calculation of Estimated Selling Price Erosion January to June 2013:



To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17, 2019

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Resolute's Sales Tonnages (MT) Reconciliation Versus PPPC North American Tonnage (MT) Schedule 10

		Reference	Mill	2009 [3]	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		2016		2017		2018	
				SCA SCB/SNC Total		otal SCA		SCA	SCB/SNC Total			Total					
				000's MT 000's MT 000's MT	000's MT 000's MT 00	000's MT 000's MT	000's MT 000's MT	000's MT	000's MT 000's MT	000's MT	000's MT (00's MT					
	Per "Cost and Production Analysis with	Budgeted															
	Analysis" [P&L's], [1]	Sch 12K	Kénogami														
		Sch 12D	Dolbeau														
		Sch 12L	Laurentide														
		Sch 14A	Catawba (Est.)	[2]													
			Totals														
	Per "Sales and Operations Review"	Sch. 13	Kénogami, Dolbeau, Laurentide,														
			Catawba (combined)														
lata	Per "Sales Ledger" and Total "Price and "	Volume Sch. 14A															
ıte o	Data" Productions		Kénogami Dolbeau														
soh			Laurentide														
ž			Catawba (Est.)														
			Other/Difference														
			Totals														
			YoY change - Total														
			CAGR 2010-2015														
			C/10/12010 2010														
	Production Per Resolute 10-Ks (excludin	g [4]	Kénogami	203.0	204.0	137.00	134.00	135.00	131.00		133.00	130.0)	122.0	0		120.0
	discontinued paper machines)		Dolbeau	106.0	204.0		26.00				139.00	143.0		140.0			140.0
			Laurentide	259.0	330.0	323.00						145.0		140.0			
											-						-
			Catawba (incl. Coated)											-		_	-
			Totals	568.0	534.0	460.0	355.0	432.0	272.0	_	272.0	273.0	=	262.0	=	_	260.0
	Per PPPC data	Sch. 20	N.Am. Shipments														
			Imports														
			N. Am. Demand														
			YoY change - N.Am. Shipments														
			YoY change - N. Am. Demand														
				1													
			CAGR - N.Am. Shipments 2010-201														
			CAGR - N. Am. Demand 2010-2015														

- [1] The "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" (P&L's) productions do not provide a breakdown of Total Sales Tonnage by SC paper grade.
- [2]
- [3] [4]
- The Cost and Production Analysis with budgeted Analysis (Pact's) productions do not provide a breakdown for Total sales Toffinage by Sc. paper grade.

 The Catawba Mill produces primarily Coated paper. The P&L for Catawba does not provide a breakdown between Coated Paper and SC Paper Accordingly, Catawba's volumes of SC Paper have been estimated in Schdule 14A. The sales data for Dolbeau for 2009 as between (i) the P&Ls; (ii) the Sales Ledger and Price and Volume Schedules; and (iii) the 10-Ks do not agree; it is not clear why.

 Listing of pulp and paper manufacturing facilities and production information in Resolute's annual 10-Ks (see R-254, Dec. 31, 2009; R-255, Dec. 31, 2011; R-247, Dec. 31, 2012; R-248, Dec. 31, 2013; R-249, Dec. 31, 2014; R-250, Dec. 31, 2015; R-251, Dec. 31, 2016; R-252, Dec. 31, 2017; R-245, Dec. 31, 2018).

To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17 2019 Page 53

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Resolute's Market Share by SC Paper Grade

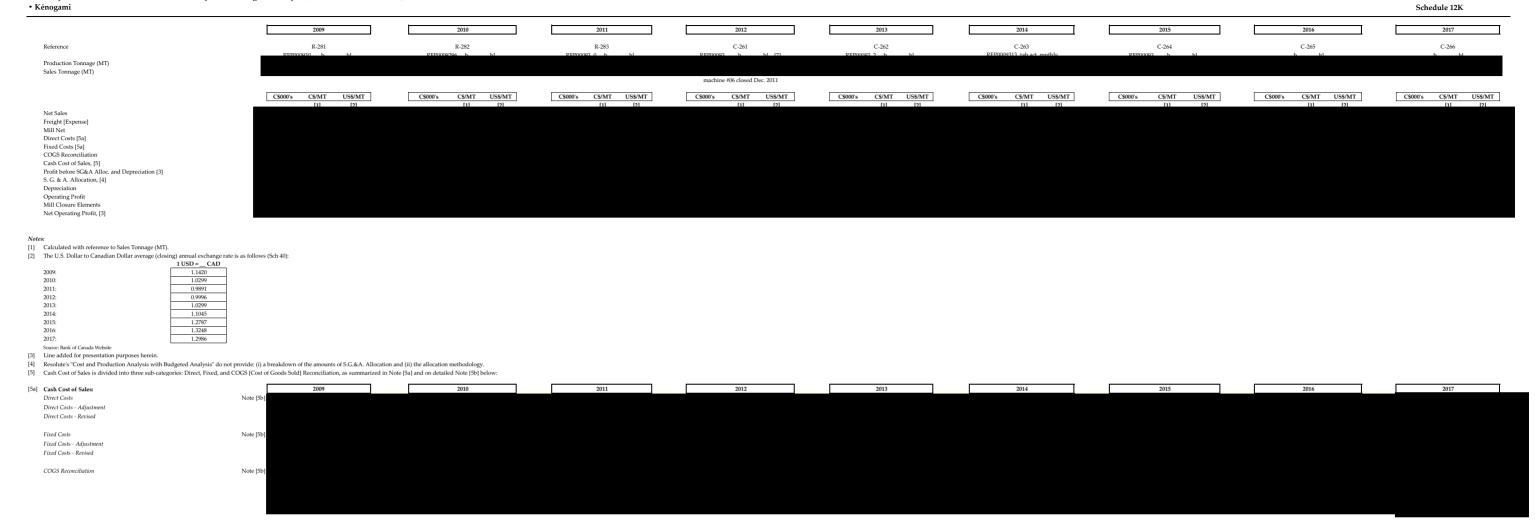
2009-2018 Schedule 11

Reference	Mill	1 [2	009			2010	ı		2011		11	2012			2013			2014		1	2015			2016	- 11		2017			2018	
		_	SCA SCI	S/SNC Total	al	SCA S	SCB/SNC	Total	SCA	SCB/SNO	Total	SCA	SCB/SN0	C Total	SCA	SCB/SNC	Total	SCA	SCB/SNC	Total	SCA	SCB/SNC	otal	SCA	SCB/SNC	Total	SCA	SCB/SNC	Total	SCA S	CB/SNC	Total
		_	000's MT 000	's MT 000's	MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's M	T 000's M	000's MT	000's M	000's M	T 000's MT	000's MT 00	's MT	000's MT	000's MT 0	00's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT 0	00's MT	000's M							
																								Resolute o	data from Schs	12K/D	Resolute o	data from S	Schs 12K/D	Resolute data	from 10-K	(Sch 10)
er Resolute's "Sales Sch 14A	Kénogami																															120.
dger Data" and "Price	Dolbeau																															140
d Volume" Schedules	Laurentide																							Data			Data			Data n		_
	Catawba (Est.)																							avail	able		avail	lable		availab	le	
	Other/Difference																															
<u>_</u>	Totals - Resolute	A																													_	260
	Totals Resolute																														-	
PPPC data Sch 20	N.Am. Shipments																															
	Imports																															
	N.Am. Demand	В																														
culation of Resolute's	SCA	C1 A/B																														
are of Total North American Demand	SCB/SNC	C2 A/B																														
	Total	C3 A/B																														

To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17, 2019

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2017



To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17 2019

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2017

• Kénogami

									A CONTRACTOR
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
eference	R-281 RFP0009301, tab act_mnffuly	R-282 RFP0009296, tab act_monthly	R-283 RFP0009310, tab act_muthly	C-261 RFP0009311, tab act_muthly, [7]	C-262 RFP0009312, tab act_monthly	C-263 RFP0009313, tab act_muthly	C-264 RFP0009314, tab act_nwthly	C-265 tab act_nuthly	C-266 tab act_mothly
oduction Tormage (MT) des Tormage (MT)	RITOMPSOL, GEORGE INSTRUM	ALL 0007270, GO ALL DEFINEY	RI 1 0007510, LED REI HERREY	ATTOOPSTI, tab att Inning, [/]	ATTOMOSTIC, CAD ACC INSTITUTY	A 1000511, tab at muliny	MI 10009711 cab act_ments	tan at Inditity	120 accumus
	C\$000°s C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [2], [6]	C\$,000°s C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [2], [6]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [2], [6]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [2], [6]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [2],[6]	C\$000'a C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [2], [6]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [21, [6]	C\$000's C\$/MT U9\$, [6] [2].
/OOD Kraft									
Other purchased pulps URCHASED PULPS									
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ULIS& W.I P.									
ECYCLE FIBER OATING CHEMICALS	- 13 3								
LAY									
LAY/STARCH									
HEMICALS ULPING CHEMICALS									
RETENTION AGENTS & PITCH CONTROL									
O.LP. CHEMICALS									
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TEAM FUELS									
OWER (# Cost)									
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OTAL DIRECT COSTS irect Cost - Formula Check (CHS)	· A								
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ALARIED - UNION									
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Management & Clerical salaries									
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ADMINISTRATIVE LABOUR									
Labour Operating & Non operating Fringe benefits									
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Labour Maintenance Fringe benefits									
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MAINTENANCE MATERIAL - MAJOR MACHINE CLOTHING									
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	£.								

Schedule 12K

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2017

• Kénogami

									2000 (A) 1040 (A)
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	C\$000'a C\$/MT U9\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [6] [2], [6]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT U5\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT
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R&D années antérieures									
n Policy chg - 2014 mthly vs annual difference	P 2								
XXGS Reconditation	D								
cocs	B-C D								
Cost of Sales	F, pg. 1								
	G-E-F								
ng/Unreconciled Difference:									

Schedule 12K

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2017



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2017
• Dolbeau

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
erence	R-284	R-285	[4]	C-255	C-256	C-257	C-258	C-259	C-260
action Tonnage (MT) Tonnage (MT)	RFP0009299, Tab act_monthly	RFP0009300, Tab act_mnthly, [4]		RFP0009302, Tab act_mnthly, [8]	RFP0009303, Tab act_mnthly	RFP0009304, Tab act_munifuly	RFP0009305, Tab act_monthly	Tab act_mnthly	Tab act_nunfuly
	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [7] [7], [2]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [7] [7], [2]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [7] [7], [2]	C\$000'e C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [7] [7], [2]	C\$000'e C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [7] [6a], [6b]	C\$000's C\$/MT US
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her purchased pulps CHASED PULPS	1								
ER ROLLS S & W.LP.									
CLE FIBER TING CHEMICALS									
Y Y/STARCH									
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PING CHEMICALS TENTION AGENTS & PITCH CONTROL									
P. CHEMICALS EACHING CHEMICALS	4:								
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OWER (# Cost) NISHING MATERIAL & SUPP.									
IRECT REVENUE IRECT REVENUE - POWER									
RECT REVENUE - BY PRODUCTS									
VTAL DIRECT COSTS rect Cost - Formula Check (CHS)									
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To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17 2019

Schedule 12D

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2017
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To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17 2019

Schedule 12D

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2015

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[1] Calculated with reference to Sales Tormage (MT).

[2] The U.S. Dollar to Canadian Dollar average (closing) annual exchange rate is as follows (Sch 40):

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1 1 2 0 ____CAD 1.1420 1.0299 0.9891 2010 2011 2012 2013 0.9996 1.0299 2014 2015 Source: Bank of Canada Website

[3] Line added for presentation purposes herein. [5] Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" do not provide: (i) a breakdown of the amounts of S.G.&A. Allocation methodology.

[6] Cash Cost of Sales is the total of several cost types. Per the "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" productions provided, these costs are labelled as either Direct' or Fixed'. Further, Cash Cost of Sales is the sum of all "Total Manufacturing Cash Costs" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "Cogs Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "Cogs Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "Cogs Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis" and "Cogs Reconciliation" items per each year's respective "Cost and Production Analysis Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis". See below for each year's breakdown of Cash Cost of Sales. [6a] Cash Cost of Sales: 2009 2014 Note [6b] Note [6b] Note [6b] Direct Costs Fixed Costs COGS Reconciliation

To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17 2019

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2015

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GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2009-2015

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GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" [Profit & Loss Statements], 2010-2015

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eference	[4]	R-289	R-289	R-290	R-291	R-292	R-293
oduction Tonnage (MT), [8]	8	RFP0012027, Tab Act_mnthly	RFP0012027, Tab Act_mnfhly	RFP0012028, Tab Act_mnthly	RFP0012029, Tab Act_mnthly	RFP0012030, Tab Act_mnthly	RFP0012031, Tab Act_mnthly
les Tonnage (MT), [8]							
es rounage (MI), [o]							
	2 <u>1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1</u>	-0 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -	<u> </u>	W-1-110	9 9	10 11 11 11 11	8 <u></u>
	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT [1] [2]	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/M
t Sales	[1] [2]	і і	Ц Д	[1] [2]	ц д	ц ц	и и
ight [Expense]							
Net							
ct Costs							
d Costs							
GS Reconciliation							
Cost of Sales, [6]							
before SG&A Alloc. and Depreciation [3]							
& A. Allocation, [5]							
eciation							
ating Profit							
Closure Elements							
Operating Profit, [3]							
09 1.1 10 1.0 11 0.9 12 0.9 13 1.0	CAD 420 299 891						
ror: Bank of Canada Website e added for presentation purposes herein. tawba was in operation in 2009; however, Resolute has not p olutie's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analy	rovided a Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis pro- sis" do not provide: (i) a breakdown of the amounts of S.G.&A. Alloc-	ation and (ii) the allocation methodology.	r Cach Coct of Salac is the sum of all "Total Manufacturi	ne Cash Cocks" and "COCS Reconciliation" items per each year	ar's remertive "Cost		
or: Bank of Canada Website e added for presentation purposes herein. awba was in operation in 2009; however, Resolute has not p olute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analy h Cost of Sales is the total of several cost types. Per the "Cos	sis" do not provide: (i) a breakdown of the amounts of S.G.&A. Alloc and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" productions prov	ation and (ii) the allocation methodology.	r, Cash Cost of Sales is the sum of all "Total Manufacturi	ng Cash Costs" and "COGS Reconciliation" items per each yea	ar's respective "Cost		
or: Bank of Canada Website e added for presentation purposes herein. awba was in operation in 2009; however, Resolute has not p olute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analy ih Cost of Sales is the total of several cost types. Per the "Cos I Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis". See below f	sis" do not provide: (i) a breakdown of the amounts of S.G.&A. Alloc and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" productions prov	ation and (ii) the allocation methodology.	r, Cash Cost of Sales is the sum of all 'Total Manufacturi 2011	ng Cash Costs" and "OOGS Reconciliation" items per each year	ar's respective "Cost" 2013	2014	2015
or: Bank of Canada Website added for presentation purposes herein. awba was in operation in 2009; however, Resolute has not p olute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analy h Cost of Sales is the total of several cost types. Per the "Cos Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis". See below for	sis" do not provide: (i) a breakdown of the amounts of S.G.&A. Alloc. and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" productions prov or each year's breakdown of Cash Cost of Sales:	ation and (ii) the allocation methodology. ided, these costs are labelled as either 'Direct' or 'Fixed'. Furthe			rational and a state of the sta	2014	2015
no: Bank of Canada Website e added for presentation purposes herein. awba was in operation in 2009; however, Resolute has not p olute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analy ih Cost of Sales is the total of several cost types, Per the "Cos I Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis". See below for the Cost of Sales:	sis" do not provide: (i) a breakdown of the amounts of S.G.&A. Alloc and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" productions prov or each year's breakdown of Cash Cost of Sales:	ation and (ii) the allocation methodology. ided, these costs are labelled as either 'Direct' or 'Fixed'. Furthe			rational and a state of the sta	2014	2015
ror: Bank of Canada Website se added for presentation purposes herein. tawba was in operation in 2009; however, Resolute has not p solute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analy	sis" do not provide: (i) a breakdown of the amounts of S.G.&A. Alloc, and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" productions prov or each year's breakdown of Cash Cost of Sales: 2009 Note [6b]	ation and (ii) the allocation methodology. ided, these costs are labelled as either 'Direct' or 'Fixed'. Furthe			rational and a state of the sta	2014	2015

To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17 2019

Schedule 12C

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

			2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
									4
eference			[4]	R-289 RFP0012027, Tab Act_mnthly	R-289 RFP0012027, Tab Act_monthly	R-290 RFP0012028, Tab Act_mnthly	R-291 RFP0012029, Tab Act_muthly	R-292 RFP0012030, Tab Act_muthly	R-293 RFP0012031, Tab Act_mnthb
oduction Tormage (MT)						i i		<u> </u>	
les Tonnage (MT)		CSC	00's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$
			[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7],
OOD	ő.								
Kraft	S								
Other purchased pulps JRCHASED PULPS	2								
JLIS & W.I.P.	-								
CYCLE FIBER									
DATING CHEMICALS									
LAY/STARCH									
JLPING CHEMICALS									
ETENTION AGENTS & PITCH CONTROL	,								
I.P. CHEMICALS EACHING CHEMICALS	6	-							
THER CHEMICALS	45 4-1								
TEAMFUELS									
OWER (@ Cost)									
INISHING MATERIAL & SUPP.									
DIRECT REVENUE OTAL DIRECT COSTS									
rect Cost - Formula Check (CHS)		Α.							
acci con 1 orania carca (caro)									
Management	2								
Fringe benefits									
ANAGEMENT LABOUR									
Clerical salaries	C U								
Fringe benefits	(p.	4							
LERICAL LABOUR Management & Clerical salaries									
Fringe benefits	6								
ADMINISTRATIVE LABOUR	ic.								
Labour Operating & Non operating									
Fringe benefits									
OPERATING & NON OPERATING LABOUR & BEN.		4							
Labour Maintenance Fringe benefits	-	-							
MAINTENANCE LABOUR & BEN.	÷	**							
Material - ord. rep.	4	4 1							
Material - extr.ord. rep.									
MAINTENANCE MATERIAL									
MACHINE CLOTHING									
LUDGE DIPOSAL AND LANDFILL	17	2 2							
FFLUENT TREAT. & BOILER CHEMICALS PERATING SUPPLIES	G								
OTAL MATERIAL	1								
TEAM FUELS	<u>C</u>	9							
OWER (@ Cost)	11								
AXES & INSURANCE									
AXES NSURANCE	0								
LAIMS									
OTHER EXPENSES									
ENSION & OPEB									
ENSION	Š.								
PEB	7								
URCHASED SERVICES &D CREDIT	0								
DEFERRED MAJOR MAINTENANCE									
SENERAL ADMINISTRATION OVERHEAD									
OTAL FIXED COSTS		В							
xed Costs Formula Check (CHS)									
OTAL MANUFACTURING CASH COST		C=A B							
otal Manufacturing Costs - Formula Check (CHS)									

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

awba							Schedule 12C
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/MT	C\$000's C\$/MT US\$/					
OGS reconciliation	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7], [2]	[7] [7],
wentory variation							
ther 10							
acation Policy change							
010 inferred (not indicated in RFP0012027, Tab Act_mnfhly)							
otal COGS Reconciliation	D						
tal COGS	E=C D						
Catawba Cash Cost of Sales	F, pg.1						
ounding/Unreconciled Difference:	G E-F						

^[7] Calculated with reference to Production Tonnage (MT).

To be read in conjunction with the Steger Report dated April 17 2019

^[8] Unlike Kénogami, Dolbeau, and Laurentide, Catawba produces coated mechanical paper in addition to producing supercalendered paper. Therefore, the above production and costing information is the aggregate of both coated mechanical and supercalendered paper produced at Catawba. Resolute has not provided the above Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis on a supercalendered paper-only basis.

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of SC Paper Sales by Volume (000s MT) by Grade, 2011-2015

Per Resolute's "Sales and Operating Planning Review" Productions (Kénogami, Dolbeau, Laurentide, and Catawba) [1]

Schedule 13

		2011			2012			2013		2014			2015		
	SCA	SCB/SNC, [2]	Total												
	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT	000's MT
January															
February															
March															
April															
May															
June															
July															
August															
September															
October															
November															
December															
Total															

Note:

[1] Source: Resolute "Sales and Operating Planning Review" productions, as follows:

Period	Exhibit	Bates No.
January 2011	R-300	RFP000092
February 2011	R-301	RFP0000203
March 2011	R-302	RFP0000328
April 2011	R-267	RFP0000421
May 2011	R-268	RFP0000518
June 2011	R-278	RFP0000643
July 2011	R-279	RFP0000744
August 2011	R-280	RFP0000871
September 2011	R-294	RFP0000973
October 2011	R-295	RFP0001072
November 2011	R-296	RFP0001190
December 2011	R-297	RFP0001261
January 2012 - December 2012	R-298	RFP0007239
January 2013 - December 2013	R-298	RFP0007240
January 2014 - December 2014	R-298	RFP0007241
January 2015 - December 2015, [1a]	R-298	RFP0007242

^{[1}a] Reflects the "2015 Total/Actual" volumes at RFP0007242, though the month of December 2015 is indicated to be "Forecast" volumes.

^[2] SCB/SNC sales volumes per above are calculated as the sum of SCB and SNC volume sales per the "Sales and Operating Planning Review" productions noted above.

2012

2013

2014

2015

2011

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of SC Paper Sales by Volume (MT) by Mill, 2009-2015 (Kénogami, Dolbeau, Laurentide, and Catawba)

Per Resolute's "Sales Ledger Data" and "Price and Volume" Schedules

Schedule 14A

	MT						
Supercalendered - SCA Total per "Price and Volume" Schedules [1]							
Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]							
Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]							
Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]							
Catawba Mill/Other/Difference, estimated [3]							
Subtotal							
Supercalendered - SCB & SNC Total per "Price and Volume" Schedules [1]							
Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]							
Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]							
Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]							
Other/Difference, estimated [3]							
Subtotal							
Total - All Mills							

2010

Notes:

- Source: Resolute's "Price and Volume" schedules for 2009 to 2015, as follows: R-305 (RFP0009321) for 2009; R-306 (RFP0009320) for 2010; R-307 (RFP0011931) for 2011; R-308 (RFP0011929) for 2012; R-303 (RFP0011932) for 2013; R-304 (RFP0011933) for 2014; and R-299 (RFP0011930) for 2015.
- Source: Summarization of Resolute SC paper sales data from R-256 (Resolute Sales Ledger Data for years 2009-2015, RFP00011533) for supercalendered paper sold by mill. See Schedule 14D.

2009

- Reflects the difference between total SC paper sales per Resolute's "Price and Volume" Schedules (see Note 1) less the sum of SC paper sales sold by Dolbeau, Kénogami, and Laurentide per Resolute Sales Ledger Data (see Note 2). Catawba's SC paper sales were not included in the Sales Ledger Data at R-256 (RFP00011533) and are assumed to be equal to the difference in SCA paper sales volumes between Resolute's "Price and Volume" Schedules and the Sales Ledger Data at R-256 (RFP00011533); the remaining difference in SCB and SNC paper sales volumes is assumed to relate to other differences in the sales data between Resolute's documents.
- The below provides a further breakdown between SC-B and SN-C paper sold from 2009-2015:

Supercalendered -	SCB Total per Price and	d Volume Data [1]
r		

Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2] Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Other/Difference, estimated [3]

Totals

Supercalendered - SNC Total per Price and Volume Data [1]

Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Other/Difference, estimated [3]

Totals

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
MT						

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of SC Paper Sales (USD \$000's) by Mill, 2009-2015 (Kénogami, Dolbeau, Laurentide, and Catawba)

Per Resolute's "Sales Ledger Data" and "Price and Volume" Schedules

Supercalendered - SCA Total per "Price and Volume" Schedules [1]

Supercalendered - SCB & SNC Total per "Price and Volume" Schedules [1]

Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2] Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2] Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2] Catawba Mill/Other/Difference, estimated [3]

Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2] Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2] Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2] Other/Difference, estimated [3] Schedule 14B

	2009 US\$'000s	2010 US\$'000s	2011 US\$'000s	2012 US\$'000s	2013 US\$'000s	US\$'000s	2015 US\$'000s	
								l
1								

Notes:

Subtotal

Subtotal

Total - All Mills

- [1] Source: Resolute's "Price and Volume" schedules for 2009 to 2015, as follows: R-305 (RFP0009321) for 2009; R-306 (RFP0009320) for 2010; R-307 (RFP0011931) for 2011; R-308 (RFP0011929) for 2012; R-303 (RFP0011932) for 2013; R-304 (RFP0011933) for 2014; and R-299 (RFP0011930) for 2015. All amounts are denominated in \$USD.
- [2] Source: Summarization of Resolute SC paper sales data from R-256 (Resolute Sales Ledger Data for years 2009-2015, RFP00011533) for supercalendered paper sold by mill. All amounts were converted to \$USD based on average monthly noon CAD:USD exchange rate. See Schedule 14C.
- [3] Reflects the difference between total SC paper sales per Resolute's "Price and Volume" Schedules (see Note 1) less the sum of SC paper sales sold by Dolbeau, Kénogami, and Laurentide per Resolute Sales Ledger Data (see Note 2). Catawba's SC paper sales were not included in the Sales Ledger Data at R-256 (RFP00011533) and are assumed to be equal to the difference in SCA paper sales volumes between Resolute's "Price and Volume" Schedules and the Sales Ledger Data at R-256 (RFP00011533); the remaining difference in SCB and SNC paper sales volumes is assumed to relate to other differences in the sales data between Resolute's documents.
- $[4] \qquad \hbox{The below provides a further breakdown between SC-B and SN-C paper sold from 2009-2015:}$

Supercalendered - SCB Total per Price and Volume Data [1]

Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Other/Difference, estimated [3]

Totals

Supercalendered - SNC Total per Price and Volume Data [1]

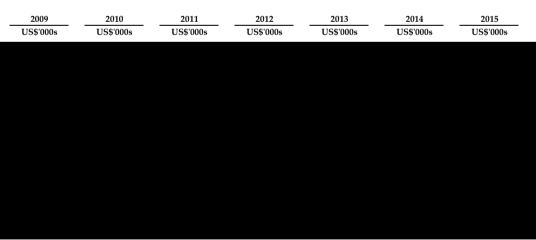
Dolbeau Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Kénogami Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Laurentide Mill per Sales Ledger Data [2]

Other/Difference, estimated [3]

Totals



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of SC Paper Sales (US\$) by Grade, 2009-2015

Per Resolute's "Sales Ledger Data" [1] [2] [3]

Schedule 14C

Grade		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	201
A+	[a]							
KN	[41]							
A								
KN								
LA								
Subtotal - A/A+	-							
В								
J3								
KN								
LA								
C								
J3								
LA								
Subtotal - B/C								
Grand Total	[b]							
A+ Percentage of Total	$[c = a \div b]$							

Notes:

[1] Source: R-256 (Resolute Sales Ledger Data for years 2009-2015, RFP00011533).

[2] I have created a Pivot Table of Resolute Sales Ledger Data at R-256 (RFP00011533, tab "2009-15"). I have grouped data by Mill (J3 =

Dolbeau, KN = Kénogami, LA = Laurentide) and by Grade (Product).

[3] Sales were recorded in several currencies in Resolute Sales Ledger Data at R-256 (RFP00011533, tab "2009-15"). I converted all sales to

USD using the average monthly CAD:USD FX Rate per the Bank of Canada in the month of each respective invoice.

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of SC Paper Sales (MT) by Grade, 2009-2015

Per Resolute's "Sales Ledger Data" [1] [2]

Schedule 14D

Sum of Billing Wt (MT)								
Grade		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	201
A+	[a]							
KN								
A								
KN								
LA								
Subtotal - A/A+								
В								
J3								
KN								
LA								
C								
J3								
LA								
Subtotal - B/C								
Grand Total	[b]							
A+ Percentage of Total	$[c = a \div b]$							
Ö								

Notes:

[1] Source: R-256 (Resolute Sales Ledger Data for years 2009-2015, RFP00011533).

[2] I have created a Pivot Table of Resolute Sales Ledger Data at R-256 (RFP00011533, tab "2009-15"). I have grouped data by Mill (J3 =

Dolbeau, KN = Kénogami, LA = Laurentide) and by Grade (Product).

Resolute s Selling Price (US\$/MT) Reconciliation

Calculated Weighted Average Selling Price per "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Anaysis"

Schedule 15 Reference Paper Grade 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Per "Price and Volume" Schedule Weighted SCA/SCB/SNC [2] US\$'000s, [5] C\$'000s, [4] US\$'000s, [5] US\$'000s, [5] Net Sales per "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Sch 12K Analysis" [P&L's] [3] Kénogami Sch 12D Dolbeau Sch 12L Laurentide Total MT MT MT MT MT MT MT Sales Tonnage per "Cost and Production Analysis with Sch 12K Budgeted Analysis" [P&L's] Kénogami Sch 12D Dolbeau Sch 12L Laurentide Total US\$/MT US\$/MT US\$/MT US\$/MT US\$/MT US\$/MT US\$/MT D=(B/C) x 1,000

Source: Resolute's "Price and Volume" schedules for 2009 to 2015, as follows: R-305 (RFP0009321) for 2010; R-306 (RFP0001932) for 2011; R-308 (RFP0011939) for 2012; R-303 (RFP0011932) for 2013; R-304 (RFP0011933) for 2014; and R-299 (RFP0011930) for 2015. [1]

otal Sales (US\$'000s):	Reference			2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Sch 14B	SCA	E							
	Sch 14B	SCB	F							
	Sch 14B	SNC	G							
		Total	H=E+F+G							
tal Volume Sold (MT):										
	Sch 14A	SCA	I							
	Sch 14A	SCB	J							
	Sch 14A	SNC	K							
		Total	L=I+J+K							
tal Average Selling Price (US\$/MT):										
		SCA	M1=(E/I) x 1,000							
		SCB	M2=(F/J) x 1,000							
		SNC	M3=(G/K) x 1,000							
		Average Selling price (weighted)								

[2] The "weighted" average selling price was calculated from total dollar sales for all SC paper grades divided by the volumes sold per grade.

"Net Sales" is the selling price of paper inclusive of any freight costs - see Schedules 12K, 12D, 12L, and 12C.

Revenues and costs per Resolute's "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" (P&Ls) are recorded in Canadian Dollars. However, prices per Resolute's "Price and Volume" Schedules are in U.S. Dollars and additionally, Resolute's "Sales Ledger" records amounts in multiple currencies. For consistency, all amounts are converted to U.S. Dollars using the average annual USD to CAD foreign exchange rates per Note 4 below.

[5] The U.S. Dollar to Canadian Dollar average (closing) annual exchange rate is as follows (Sch 40):

1 USD = _ CAD 2009: 1.1420 2010: 1.0299 2011: 0.9891 2012: 0.9996 1.0299 2013: 2014: 1.1045 2015: 1.2787

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Resolute's Direct Costs per "Cost and Production Analysis with Budgeted Analysis" (P&Ls) Resolute's Actual Direct Costs as Compared to Hausman Report II

	Ref.	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	CA
Direct Costs per Cost and Production Analysis											
with Budgeted Analysis Reports (P&Ls)											20
Kénogami Mill (C\$/MT)	Sch 12K										
Year-over-year Change (%)											
Dolbeau Mill (C\$/MT)	Sch 12D										
Year-over-year Change (%)											
Laurentide Mill (C\$/MT)	Sch 12L										
Year-over-year Change (%)											
Hausman Report II Variable Costs [1]:					_						20
Resolute Expected Increase in Varaible Costs (%)	Hausman Report II ¶ 32										
RISI October 2011 Variable Cost Forecast (%) [2]	Hausman Report II ¶ 31										
	and Table 3										
								1			

Schedule 16

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. Summary of North American Consumption of SCA and SCB/SNC Shipments (MTs) per PPPC [1] 2009-2018

2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 YoY 000 MTs % 000 MTs % SC-A/A+ Shipments - North America B1 Imports E1 Demand [North America] F1=B1+E1 SC-B / SNC+ [2] Shipments - North America **B2** Imports E2 F2=B2+E2 Demand [North America] TOTAL HIGH-GLOSS GRADES [TOTAL SC] Shipments - North America ΣΒ ΣΕ Imports Demand [North America] $\Sigma F = \Sigma B + \Sigma E$ Notes: [1] Source: Annual PPPC Data. 1 MT = 1.10231 ST1 ST = 0.907185 MT

Schedule 20

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

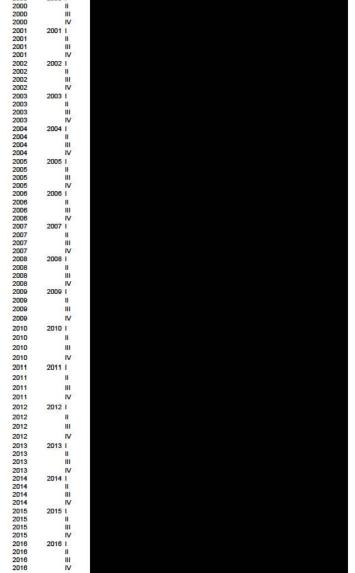
SC Prices 2000-2018 Schedule 21

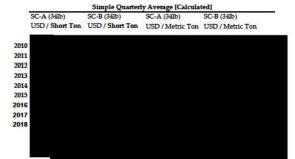
2016 I II III

2017 I II III IV

III

[R-274, as provided by Poyry]
*Source: RISI Conversion Factor 0.907184 Nominal SC-A (34lb) USD / Short Ton SC-B (34lb) USD / Short Ton SC-A (34lb) USD / Metric Ton Year 2000 2000 1 2001 I III 2002 1 2003 1 2004 1 H IV 2005 1



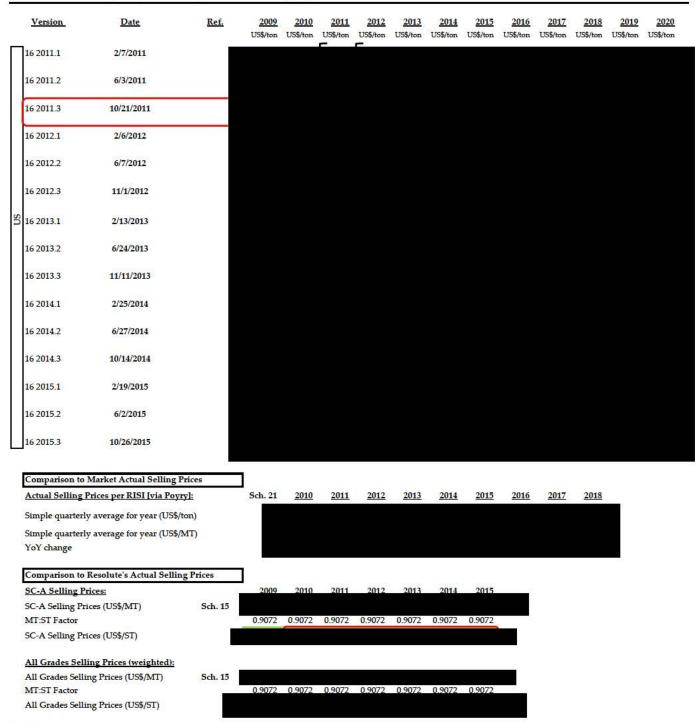


GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of RISI's Five-Year Forecasts

for SCA Prices US\$/ton (Short Ton) with YoY Change [1]

Schedule 22



Notes

The RISI pricing data is per "Ton" (ie. Short Ton). It is assumed this refers to Short Tons given that the RISI report refers to other data in "Tonnes" (ie. Metric Tonnes).

^[1] Source: R-275, RISI five-year forecasted per file titled "UGW forecast archives 2011-2015.xls".

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of RISIs Five-Year Forecasts

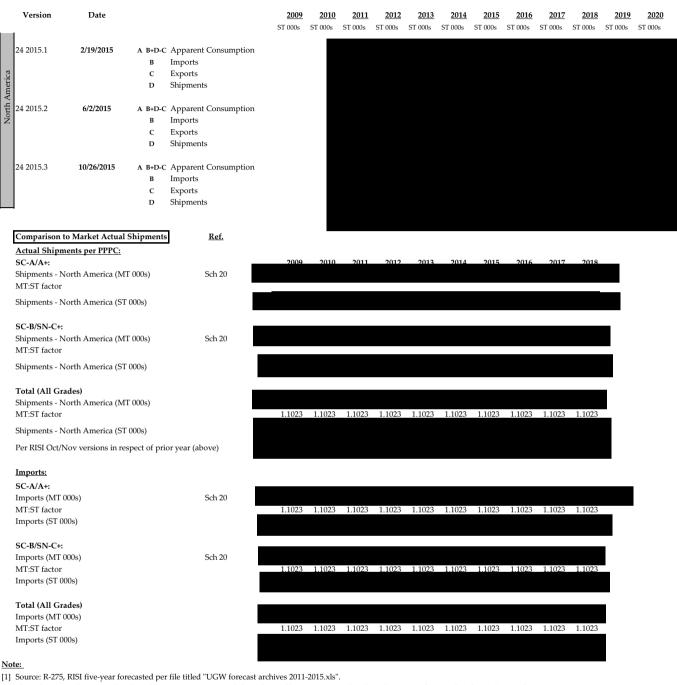
for SC Volumes (Tons [Short Tons]) [1] Schedule 23

Version	Date		2009 ST 000s	2010 ST 000s	2011 ST 000s	2012 ST 000s	2013 ST 000s	2014 ST 000s	2015 ST 000s	2016 ST 000s	2017 ST 000s	2018 ST 000s	2019 ST 000s	2020 ST 000s
23 2011.1	2/7/2011	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments												
23 2011.2	6/3/2011	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments												
23 2011.3 S	10/21/2011	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments	[2]								in Ha (when	ausman F	g forecas	
23 2012.1	2/6/2012	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments									u			
23 2012.2	6/7/2012	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments	[3]											
23 2012.3	11/1/2012	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments	[2] [3]											
23 2013.1	2/13/2013	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments												
23 2013.2	6/24/2013	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments	1											
23 2013.3	11/11/2013	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments												
23 2014.1	2/25/2014	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments	1											
23 2014.2	6/27/2014	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments												
24 2014.3	10/14/2014	A B+D-C Apparent Consumption B Imports C Exports D Shipments	1											

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of RISIs Five-Year Forecasts

for SC Volumes (Tons [Short Tons]) [1] Schedule 23



Note:

The RISI pricing data is per "Ton" (ie. Short Ton). It is assumed this refers to Short Tons given that the RISI report refers to other data in "Tonnes" (ie. Metric Tonnes).



[3] Reflects change in classification of Canadian shipments from Imports to U.S. to North American shipments.

for the Years Ended December 31,

2012

(3 mos.)

C\$'000s

PHPLP (PWCC/Stern)

2014

C\$'000s

2013

C\$'000s

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. Summary of Port Hawkesbury Paper Limited Partnership Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2010 - 2015

2010

C\$'000s

NewPage

2011

(9 mos.)

C\$'000s

Schedule 25

2015

C\$'000s

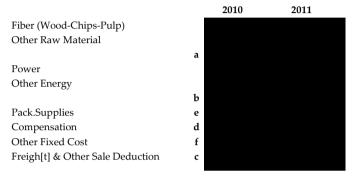
	Source >>	[1]	[1]	R-269	C-220	C-225	C-238
				(CAN000012)	(CAN000013)	(CAN000014)	(CAN000015)
Sales							
PM2 - SC paper							
PM1 - Newsprint							
Cost of Sales							
Raw material and consumables	a						
Power, fuel and other energy	ь						
Freight costs incurred for paper sold	c						
Wages and salaries	d						
Outside services							
Stores and finishing supplies	e						
Change in fin. goods and WIP inventory	/						
Amortization							
Gross Profit (Loss)							
Selling expenses							
General and administrative expenses	f						
Other income (expense)	[4]						
Interest income							
Government training assistance incention	ve						
Amortization of deferred financing fees							
Net foreign exchange gains (loss)							
Unreal. for. exch. loss on derivative fin.							
instruments, net							
Bank charges							
Gain from sale of equipment Miscellaneous income							
Other charges from related parties							
Net income (loss) for the period							

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. Summary of Port Hawkesbury Paper Limited Partnership Income Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2010 - 2015

Schedule 25

Notes:

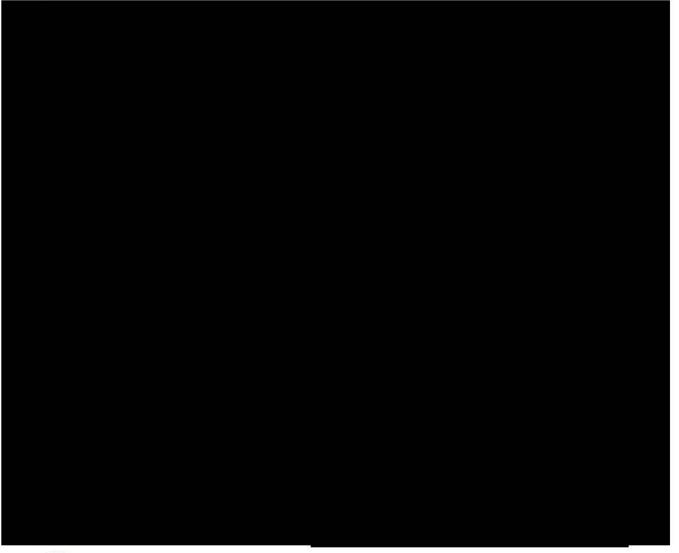
- [1] Source: R-266, "Stern Model" (CAN000082) tab: Summary. See also R-276, NewPage Port Hawkesbury Mill Pro Forma (RFP0005440) at RFP0005441 to RFP0005443 for similar figures. Note: not all Income Statement line item categories (i.e. certain expenses) are identified in R-266, (CAN000082) tab: Summary.
- [2] The PHP financial results for 2010-2011 per R-266, (CAN000082) tab: Summary reflect slightly different line descriptions than the PHPLP 2012-2015 audited financial statements. I have cross-referenced such via the letters below.



- [3] On September 28, 2012, PacificWest Commercial Corporation ("PWCC"), an affiliate of Stern Partners Inc., acquired NewPage Port Hawkesbury Corporation ("NPPH"). Therefore, Fiscal 2012 above represents a stub-year from September 28, 2012 to December 31, 2012 [source: R-269, PHPLP Financial Statements (Dec. 31, 2012) at CAN000012_0007].
- [4] According to CICA Handbook Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE) Section 3800 Government Assistance, forgivable loans and other government assistance are recorded when the entity is entitled to receive such (and not upon forgiveness of the loans). The accounting entries are: Dr. Cash (or Receivable) and Cr. either (i) revenue or contra-expense (for non-capital items); or (ii) contracost of capital assets. Refer to R-277, ASPE Sections 3800 and 3805 Government Assistance and ITCs (EY).

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. Summary of Port Hawkesbury Paper Limited Partnership Balance Sheets For the Years Ended As At December 31, 2012 - 2015

Schedule 26



Notes:

[1] According to CICA Handbook Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE) Section 3800 - Government Assistance, forgivable loans and other government assistance are recorded when the entity is entitled to receive such (and not upon forgiveness of the loans). The accounting entries are: Dr. Cash (or Receivable) and Cr. either (i) revenue or contra-expense (for non-capital items); or (ii) contracost of capital assets. Refer to R-277, ASPE Sections 3800 and 3805 Government Assistance and ITCs (EY).



[3] On September 28, 2012, PacificWest Commercial Corporation ("PWCC"), an affiliate of Stern Partners Inc., acquired NewPage Port Hawkesbury Corporation ("NPPH"). Therefore, Fiscal 2012 above represents a stub-year from September 28, 2012 to December 31, 2012 [source: R-269, PHPLP Financial Statements (Dec. 31, 2012) at CAN000012_0007].

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Government Assistance as per PHPLP Financial Statements

Schedule 27



Summary of Government Assistance as per PHPLP Financial Statements

Schedule 27

Notes:

Income 2012	
Income 2013	
Income 2014	
Income 2015	
Subtotal	
Less: Receivable EOY	
Cumulative Cash received BOY	
Cash received during Year	
Cumulative Cash received EOY	



[4] According to CICA Handbook Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises (ASPE) Section 3800 - Government Assistance, forgivable loans and other government assistance are recorded when the entity is entitled to receive such (and not upon forgiveness of the loans). The accounting entries are: Dr. Cash (or Receivable) and Cr. either (i) revenue or contra-expense (for non-capital items); or (ii) contra-cost of capital assets. Refer to R-277, ASPE Sections 3800 and 3805 Government Assistance and ITCs (EY).

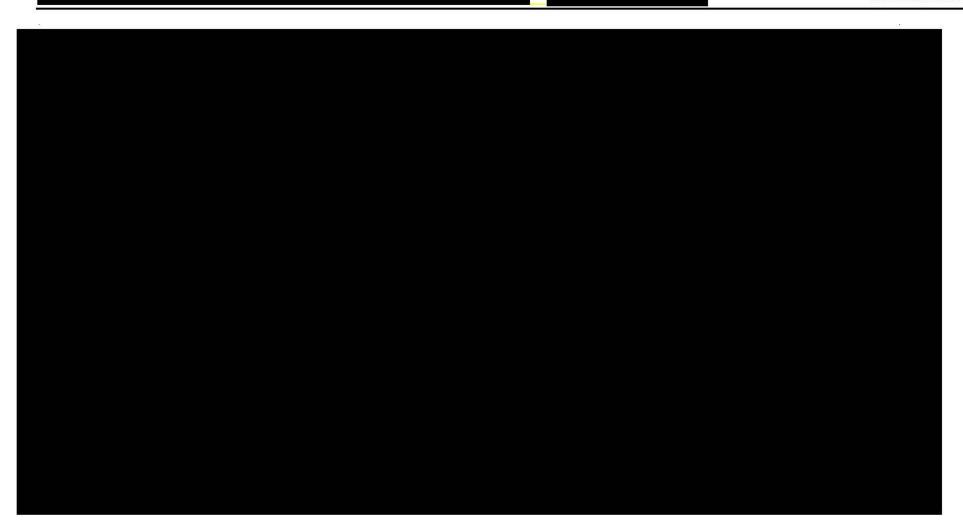


GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. PWCC's EBITDA Initiatives

Schedule 28A



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. PWCC's EBITDA Initiatives

Schedule 28B

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. PWCC's EBITDA Initiatives

Schedule 28B



[2] I made the following adjustments to the original Stern Model at R-266 (CAN000082) to remove the projected savings related to the PWCC/NSPI Proposal:



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. PWCC's EBITDA Initiatives

Schedule 28B

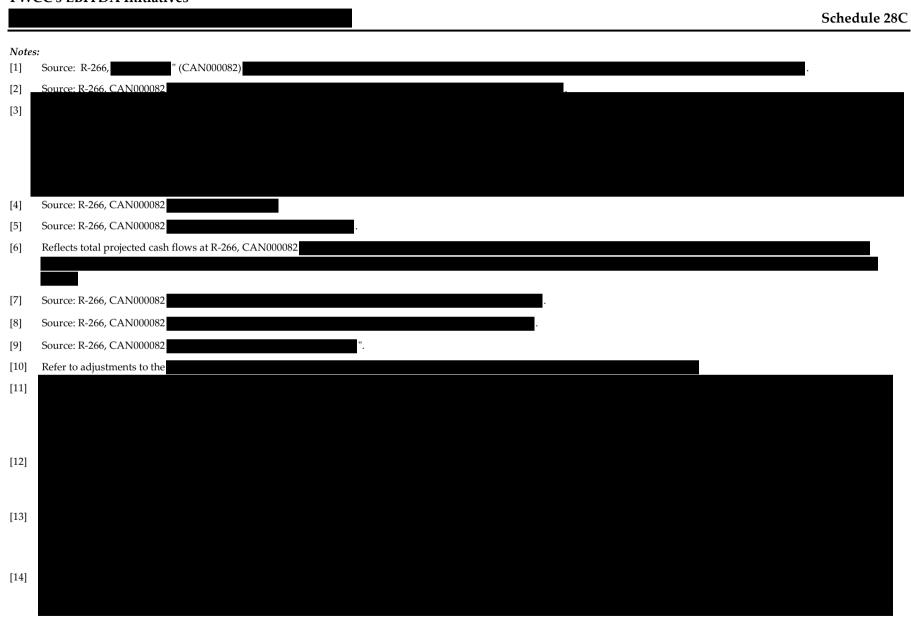
Notes (continued):



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. PWCC's EBITDA Initiatives



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. PWCC's EBITDA Initiatives

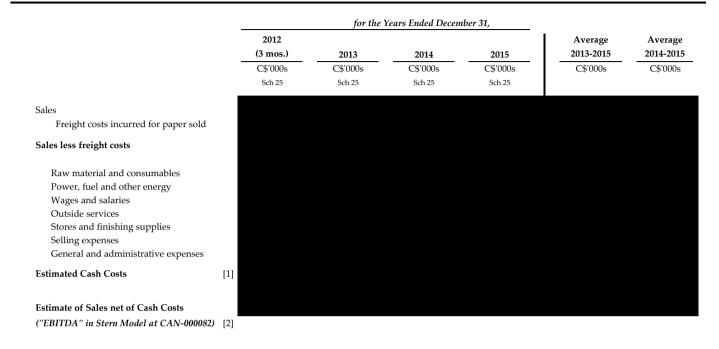


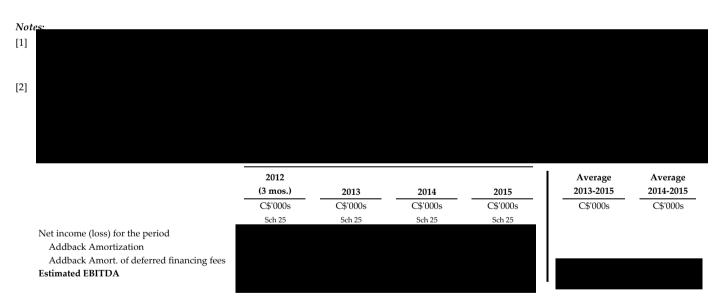
GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Estimate of Port Hawkesbury Paper Sales Net of Cash Costs

For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 - 2015

Schedule 29





GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Replication of Hausman Report II Damages Calculation

• Summary - All Mills

Schedule 30



Notes:

- [1] Lost Profits for the Past Loss Period include compound interest to December 31, 2017.
- [2] Lost Profits for the Future Loss Period are calculated as the present value of future cash flows discounted back to January 1, 2018.



Variables employed in the Hausman Report II

Hausman Replicated model herein uses:

in Past Loss Period, 5 years 2013-17:

But-for Selling price US\$/MT

But-for Variable Costs US\$/MT

Interest on Lost profits US\$/MT

Lost profits term

in Future Loss Period, 11 years 2018-28:
Lost profits US\$/MT YoY decrement

Lost profits term

PV Rate

Discount Convention

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. Replication of the Hausman Report II Damages Calculation • Kénogami

					Past Loss Period					Future Loss Period													
									70.			For the Year Ende	ed December 31,										
	Notes	Reference		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Subtotal 2013- 2017		2018	2019	2020 200	21	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027		Subt	
Estimated Profits "But For" Nova Scotia Measures	5400 E44654.6	SAROU NA SUZZINA		100		10	-	A11		PY LPs -				S	1								
Estimated Mill Net Price Forecast Used:										rius-	P.												
Estimated Mill Net Price (US\$/MT) Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT) Used:	m	Hausman II Exh. 2 ne. 12/15	A																				
Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT) Used:	[2]	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 12/15	В																				
Estimated Net Profit (US\$/MT)		II	C A-B																				
Actual/Estimated Actual Sales Tonnage (MT) Estimated Profits (US\$)		Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 12/15	E CxD																				
Estimated But-For Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II		Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 12/15																					
Annual State of the State of th																							
Actual Profits Actual Mill Net Price (US\$/MT)	[3]	Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 3	F																				
Actual Variable Costs (US\$/MT)	[4]	Time that of Part of P	G																				
Actual Net Profit (US\$/MT) Actual Sales Tomnage (MT)		Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 3	H F-G																				
Actual Profits (US\$)		The District Color of Pg. 5	J HxI																				
Actual Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II		Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 3																					
Estimated Lost Profits per Year		Theorem I Lot o pg. o	K E-J																				
Lost Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II		Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 12/15																					
[Compound] Interest per Year	res		L																				
Lost profits including interest	[5]		M K+L																				
Lost profits including interest per Hausman Report II		Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 14/17																					
Moderna		1 Haisman II Lot 2 pg. 1217																					
PV Rate Discount Convention			N																				
PV Factor		Hausman II Exh . 2																					
Present Value of Lost Profits			O MxN																				
Present Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI)		Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 16		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH																			
Notes:																							
 The Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by RISI: 	applying the	RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pric <u>Ref.</u>	e change per year, usi 2012	ing each mill's 2012 Net 2013	Mill Price as the base 2014	e starting point: 2015	2016	2017															
Actual Net Mill Price (US\$/MT) [2012]		Hausman II ¶27	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017															
Estimated % Price Change year-over-year Estimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MT)		Hausman II ¶27/Exh. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27																					
			L - 2011 F 6		- 40 - 90 i		Livery D.D.																
[2] The Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs usi as its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 201.								nethodologies use															
(i) RISI:		Ref.	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017															
Actual Variable Costs (US\$/MT) [2012]		Hausman II ¶33							i														
Estimated % Price Change year-over-year Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT)		Hausman II ¶33/Exh. 2 pg. 18	4																				
NAME OF THE PARTY																							
(ii) Resolute expectation 2% Actual Variable Costs (US\$/MT) [2012]		Hausman II ¶33																					
Estimated % Price Change year-over-year		Hausman II ¶32																					
Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT)																							
[3] The lost profits attributable to price erosion is as follows:				2013	2014	2015	2016	2017															
			_	US\$/MT	US\$/MT	US\$/MT	US\$/MT	US\$/MT															
Estimated Net Mill Price "But For" Scenario Actual Net Mill Price																							
Price Erosion Per Metric Tonne									Ţ.														
[4] Actual Variable Costs per Metric Tonne are not explicitly stated i	in the Hausma						follows:																
Total Variable Costs (US\$)		Ref. Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 3	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017															
Sales Tonnage (MT)		Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 3																					
Variable costs per Metric Tonne (US\$/MT)																							
[5] The Hausman Report II compound interest calculation is as follows:	ws:	***		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Substitute 1														
Lost Profits BoY		Ref.	Í	2013	2014	2013	2016	2017	Subtotal														
Lost Profits CY Subtotal, for interest																							
Interest Rate		Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 14	:01 <u>-</u>	1.05%	0.99%	0.53%	0.56%	0.99%		<u></u>													
Interest Amount Lost Profits EoY																							
EAST A VIEW DOCA																							

Schedule 30K

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.
Replication of the Hausman Report II Damages Calculation
• Dolbeau

ication of the Hausman Report II Damages Ibeau	s Calculation															041	edule
		ř		Past Loss	Period		1					Future Loss P	eriod				_
		<u> </u>					7 .			-							
						Subtotal 2013-		For th	e Year Ended Decem	nber 31,							Subt
	Notes Reference	<u> </u>	2013 2014	2015	2016	2017 2017	· <u>~</u> ?	2018 2	2019 20	020 2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 2	2026 2027	2028	3400
stimated Profits "But For" Nova Scotia Measures							PY LPs -	T T									
stimated Mill Net Price Forecast Used:							11.43										
Estimated Mill Net Price (US\$/MT)	 Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9 	A															
stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT) Used:		300															
Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT)		В															
stimated Net Profit (US\$/MT)	TT-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	C A-B															
ctual/Estimated Actual Sales Tonnage (MT)	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9	D T CD															
stimated Profits (US\$)		E CxD															
stonated But-For Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9																
ctual Profits		20-00															
ctual Mill Net Price (US\$/MT)	[3] Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2	F															
ctual Variable Costs (US\$/MT)	[4]	G															
actual Net Profit (US\$/MT)	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	H F-G															
ctual Sales Tonnage (MT) ctual Profits (US\$)	Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2	J HxI															
icular i visito (COD)		J HXI															
ictual Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II	Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2																
stimated Lost Profits per Year	20.7	к Е-Ј															
ost Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9																
		020															
Compound] Interest per Year	[5]	L															
ost profits including interest		M K+L															
ost profits including interest per Hausman Report II	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 11																
V Rate		N															
viscount Convention		400															
V Factor	Hausman II Exh. 2														0.40440 0.00	554 0.35049	
resent Value of Lost Profits								0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.42410 0.38	0.002	_
The state of the s		O MxN						0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.42410 0.38	0.002	
		O M×N						0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.42410 0.38	0.0002	
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI)	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 7/10	O MxN						0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.42410 0.38	0.002	
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes:	Hausman II Ext. 2 pg. 7/10							0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.42410 0.38	0.3002	
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by a	Hausman II Ext. 2 pg. 7/10 upplying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri	ce change per year, using each						0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.42410 0.58	0.3342	
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by a ISI:	Hausman II Ext. 2 pg. 7/10 Applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri Ref.	ce change per year, using each	n mill's 2012 Net Mill Price as the base 2013 2014	e starting point: 2015	2016	2017		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.42410 0.58		
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by a	Hausman II Ext. 2 pg. 7/10 upplying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri	ce change per year, using each			2016	2017		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.36	0.0002	
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by ap 1581: ctual Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) [2012]	Hausman II Ext. 2 pg. 7/10 applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri Ref. Hausman II ¶27	ce change per year, using each			2016	2017		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.32		
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by ap ISI: chual Net Mill Price (US\$/MT) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MT)	Hausman II Ech. 2 pg. 7/10 applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Ech. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27	ce change per year, using each	2013 2014	2015				0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.32		
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) fotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by ap 151: chtual Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year	Hausman II Eth. 2 pg. 7/10 upplying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Eth. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI Oct	ce change per year, using each 2012 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost	2013 2014 change per year; or (ii) a 2% increase	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's	s expectation"). Both methodo			0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.32		
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by an ISI: ctual Net Mill Price (US\$/MT) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MT) the Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 a	Hausman II Ext. 2 pg. 7/10 upplying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI Octobracial variable costs; whereas Dolbeau and Laure	ce change per year, using each 2012 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost	2013 2014 t change per year; or (ii) a 2% increases ble costs (¶ 33). The Resolute 2% Exp	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's sectation is carried up to li	s expectation"). Both methodo ine B above.	ologies use		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.32		
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) lotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by an ISI: chual Net Mill Price (US\$/MT) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MT) he Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 a) RISI:	Hausman II Ext. 2 pg. 7/10 upplying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Ext. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying. (i) the RISI Octobeau and Laure Ref.	ce change per year, using each 2012 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost	2013 2014 change per year; or (ii) a 2% increase	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's	s expectation"). Both methodo ine B above.			0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.3.2.10 0.38		
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) otes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by a ISI: chual Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) he Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 a ORISI: chual Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012]	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 7/10 Applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pri Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Exh. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI Octoberual variable costs; whereas Dolbeau and Laure Ref. Hausman II ¶35	ce change per year, using each 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost	2013 2014 t change per year; or (ii) a 2% increases ble costs (¶ 33). The Resolute 2% Exp	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's sectation is carried up to li	s expectation"). Both methodo ine B above.	ologies use		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.3.2.10 0.36		
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Interest Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) Interest Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by ap 151: chulal Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) the Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using is its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 at (RISI) chual Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) i) Resolute expectation 2% chual Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) the lost profits attributable to price erosion is as follows: stimated Net Mill Price "But For" Scenario chual Net Mill Price "But For" Scenario chual Net Mill Price "But For" Scenario chual Variable Costs per Metric Tonne are not explicitly stated in total Variable Costs (US\$) ales Tonnage (MI) fariable costs per Metric Tonne (US\$/MI) the Hausman Report II compound inherest calculation is as follows: ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 7/10 Applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pringer. Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Exh. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI October 2011 1 gr. Ref. Hausman II ¶35 Hausman II ¶32 Hausman II ¶32 Hausman II ¶32	ce change per year, using each 2012 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost nitide use 2013 Q1 actual varia	2013 2014 c change per year; or (ii) a 2% increase able costs (¶ 33). The Resolute 2% Exp 2013 2014 2013 2014 US\$/MT us\$/MT ae, total variable costs are divided by a 2013 2014	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's sectation is carried up to li 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015	s expectation"). Both methodo in B above. 2016 2016 US\$/MT US\$/MT	2017 2017 US\$/MT		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.52		
Interest Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) Interest Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by an ISI: chulal Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) the Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using is its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 as of RISI: chulal Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) ii) Resolute expectation 2% chulal Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price But For Scenario chulal Net Mill Price But For Scenario chulal Net Mill Price irice Erosion Per Metric Tonne chulal Variable Costs per Metric Tonne are not explicitly stated in total Variable Costs per Metric Tonne are not explicitly stated in total Variable Costs per Metric Tonne (US\$/MI) ariable costs per Metric Tonne (US\$/MI) the Hausman Report II compound interest calculation is as follows: ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits CY ubbotal, for interest	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 7/10 Applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pringer. Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Exh. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI October. Ref. Hausman II ¶35 Hausman II ¶36 Hausman II ¶36 Hausman II ¶37 The Hausman II ¶38 Hausman II ¶39 The Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2 Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2	ce change per year, using each 2012 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost nitide use 2013 Q1 actual varia	2013 2014 c change per year; or (ii) a 2% increase bible costs (¶ 33). The Resolute 2% Exp 2013 2014 2013 2014 USS/MT USS/MT te, total variable costs are divided by 2013 2014	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's sectation is carried up to li 2015 2015 US\$/MT actual sales tonnage as for 2015	2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 Subtotal		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.52		
Interest Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) Interest Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by ap 151: chulal Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) the Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using is its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 at (RISI) chual Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) i) Resolute expectation 2% chual Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) the lost profits attributable to price erosion is as follows: stimated Net Mill Price "But For" Scenario chual Net Mill Price "But For" Scenario chual Net Mill Price "But For" Scenario chual Variable Costs per Metric Tonne are not explicitly stated in total Variable Costs (US\$) ales Tonnage (MI) fariable costs per Metric Tonne (US\$/MI) the Hausman Report II compound inherest calculation is as follows: ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy ost Profits Boy	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 7/10 Applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pringer. Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Exh. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI October 2011 1 gr. Ref. Hausman II ¶35 Hausman II ¶32 Hausman II ¶32 Hausman II ¶32	ce change per year, using each 2012 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost nitide use 2013 Q1 actual varia	2013 2014 c change per year; or (ii) a 2% increase able costs (¶ 33). The Resolute 2% Exp 2013 2014 2013 2014 US\$/MT us\$/MT ae, total variable costs are divided by a 2013 2014	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's sectation is carried up to li 2015 2015 US\$/MT actual sales tonnage as for 2015	2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	2017 2017 US\$/MT		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.52		
resent Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) fotes: he Hausman Report II (¶ 26) estimates But-for net mill prices by ap ISI: chulal Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Net Mill Price (US\$/MI) he Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using sits base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 a ORISI: chulal Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) (a) Resolute expectation 2% chulal Variable Costs (US\$/MI) [2012] stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) (b) Resolute expectation 2% chulal Variable Costs (US\$/MI) (b) Resolute expectation 2% chulal Variable Costs (US\$/MI) (c) Stimated % Price Change year-over-year stimated Variable Costs (US\$/MI) he lost profits attributable to price erosion is as follows: stimated Net Mill Price tice Erosion Per Metric Tonne chulal Variable Costs per Metric Tonne are not explicitly stated in the cost per Metric Tonne (US\$/MI) ariable costs per Metric Tonne (US\$/MI) he Hausman Report II compound interest calculation is as follows: ost Profits Boy ost Profits CY ubtotal, for interest therest therest Rate	Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 7/10 Applying the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast pringer. Ref. Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27 Hausman II ¶27/Exh. 2 pg. 18 Hausman II ¶27 g two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI October. Ref. Hausman II ¶35 Hausman II ¶36 Hausman II ¶36 Hausman II ¶37 The Hausman II ¶38 Hausman II ¶39 The Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2 Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2	ce change per year, using each 2012 2012 tober 2011 5-year forecast cost nitide use 2013 Q1 actual varia	2013 2014 c change per year; or (ii) a 2% increase bible costs (¶ 33). The Resolute 2% Exp 2013 2014 2013 2014 USS/MT USS/MT te, total variable costs are divided by 2013 2014	2015 e per year (per "Resolute's sectation is carried up to li 2015 2015 US\$/MT actual sales tonnage as for 2015	2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 Subtotal		0.90909	0.82645	0.75131 0.683	01 0.62092	0.56447	0.51316	0.46651	0.5.2.10 0.58		

Replication of the Hausman Report II Damages Calculation

• Laurentide



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary - All Mills

Schedule 31



Notes:

- [1] Lost Profits for the Past Loss Period include compound interest to December 31, 2017.
- [2] Lost Profits for the Future Loss Period are calculated as the present value of future cash flows discounted back to January 1, 2018.



Variables employed in the Hausman Report II

Hausman Replicated model herein uses:

in Past Loss Period, 5 years 2013-17: But-for Selling price US\$/MT But-for Variable Costs US\$/MT Interest on Lost profits US\$/MT Lost profits term

in Future Loss Period, 11 years 2018-28:

Lost profits US\$/MT YoY decrement

Lost profits term

PV Rate

Discount Convention



• Kénogami



• Dolbeau

Past Loss Period

Future Loss Period



Laurentide



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

• Summary - All Mills Schedule 32



Notes:

- [1] Lost Profits for the Past Loss Period include compound interest to December 31, 2017.
- [2] Lost Profits for the Future Loss Period are calculated as the present value of future cash flows discounted back to January 1, 2018.



Variables employed in the Hausman Report II

Hausman Replicated model herein uses:

in Past Loss Period, 5 years 2013-17:
But-for Selling price US\$/MT
But-for Variable Costs US\$/MT
Interest on Lost profits US\$/MT
Lost profits term
in Future Loss Period, 11 years 2018-28:
Lost profits US\$/MT YoY decrement
Lost profits term
PV Rate
Discount Convention



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Interest Amount

• Kénogami Schedule 32K



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

• Dolbeau Schedule 32D Past Loss Period Puture Loss Period For the Year Ended December 31, Subtotal 2013-Subtotal 2018-2015 2016 2017 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2028 Estimated Profits "But For" Nova Scotia Measures PY LPs -Estimated Mill Net Price Forecast Used: Estimated Mill Net Price (US\$/MT) Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9 Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT) Used: Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT) Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9 C A-B Estimated Net Profit (US\$/MT) Actual/Estimated Actual Sales Tonnage (MT) Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9 D Estimated Profits (US\$) E CxD Estimated But-For Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9 Actual Profits Actual Mill Net Price (LIS\$/MT) Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2 F Actual Variable Costs (US\$/MT) [3] Actual Net Profit (US\$/MT) H F-G Actual Sales Tonnage (MT) Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2 Actual Profits (US\$) J HxI Actual Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2 K E-J Estimated Lost Profits per Year Lost Profits (US\$) per Hausman Report II Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 6/9 [Compound] Interest per Year Lost profits including interest M K+L Lost profits including interest per Hausman Report II Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 8/11 PV Rate Discount Convention PV Factor Hausman II Exh. 2 Present Value of Lost Profits O MxN Present Value of Lost Profits per Hausman Report II (RISI) Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 7/10 [1] Resolute had contemporaneously estimated the price erosion caused by the re-opening of the Port Hawkesbury Mill ("PH Mill"): Actual Net Mill Price (US\$/MT) Estimated Price Erosion from re-opening of PH Mill Estimated Net Mill Price absent the re-opening of the PH Mill (US\$/MT) Resolute Prod. RFP00011892 [2] The Hausman Report II (¶ 30) estimates But-for variable costs using two methodologies, by applying: (i) the RISI October 2011 5-year forecast cost change per year; or (ii) a 2% increase per year (per 'Resolute's expectation'). Both methodologies use as its base starting point for each mill as follows: Kénogami's 2012 actual variable costs; whereas Dolbeau and Laurentide use 2013 Q1 actual variable costs (¶ 33). (i) RISI: Ref. Actual Variable Costs (US\$/MT) [2012] Hausman II ¶35 Estimated % Price Change year-over-year Hausman II ¶35/Exh. 2 pg. 18 Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT) (ii) Resolute expectation 2% Actual Variable Costs (US\$/MT) [2012] Hausman II ¶35 Estimated % Price Change year-over-year Hausman II ¶32 Estimated Variable Costs (US\$/MT) [3] Actual Variable Costs per Metric Tonne are not explicitly stated in the Hausman Report II. Accordingly, to calculate variable costs per metric tonne, total variable costs are divided by actual sales tonnage as follows:

| Ref. | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | Total Variable Costs (US\$) Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2 Sales Tonnage (MT) Hausman II Exh. 3 pg. 2 Variable costs per Metric Tonne (US\$/MT) [4] The Hausman Report II compound interest calculation is as follows: Lost Profits BoY Lost Profits CY Subtotal, for interest 1.05% 0.99% 0.53% 0.56% 0.99% Interest Rate Hausman II Exh. 2 pg. 8 Interest Amount

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS. RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

• Laurentide
Schedule 32L



GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC. Summary of USD:CAD Exchange Rates, 2009-2018 [1]

Schedule 40

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
_ CAD:1USD Average Annual	1.1420	1.0299	0.9891	0.9996	1.0299	1.1045	1.2787	1.3248	1.2986	1.2957
_ USD:1CAD Average Annual	0.8757	0.9710	1.0110	1.0004	0.9710	0.9054	0.7820	0.7548	0.7701	0.7718
_ CAD:1USD as at December 31, (closing)	1.0510	0.9946	1.0170	0.9949	1.0636	1.1601	1.3840	1.3427	1.2545	1.3642
_ USD:1CAD as at December 31, (closing)	0.9515	1.0054	0.9833	1.0051	0.9402	0.8620	0.7225	0.7448	0.7971	0.7330

Notes

[1] Source: Bank of Canada website

GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ATS RESOLUTE FOREST PRODUCTS INC.

Summary of Unit Conversion Factors [1]

Schedule 41

1 Short Ton (ST) is equivalent to:

1 ST = 2,000 pounds (lbs.) 1 ST = 907.2 kilograms (kg) 1 ST= 0.9072 Metric Tonnes (MT)

\$100/ST = \$110.23/MT

1 Metric Tonne (MT) is equivalent to:

1 MT = 2,205 pounds (lbs.) 1 MT = 1,000 kilograms (kg) 1 MT = 1.1023 Short Tons (ST) \$100/MT = \$90.72/ST

Notes

[1] Source: https://www.metric-conversions.org/weight/ and https://go2paper.com/Tools/measurementConversionTool

APPENDIX A



Peter Steger CPA, CA•IFA, CBV, CFE, CFF Principal | psteger@cohenhamiltonsteger.com

Professional Experience

Peter Steger is a founding Principal of Cohen Hamilton Steger & Co. Inc., and was previously a Managing Director / Principal at two major international consultancies. Since 1991, Peter has practiced exclusively in disputes consulting, business valuations, and forensic accounting where he has assisted Canadian, US and worldwide clients in the resolution of more than 300 cases.

Peter has been featured as one of Canada's recognized cross-border expert witnesses in the Lexpert/American Lawyer annual guides, as well as a leading Forensic Accountant and Quantum Expert in Who's Who Legal 2015 - 2018.

Peter's commercial disputes casework in litigation / arbitration forums focuses on the quantification of economic damages resulting from breach of contract, post-acquisition disputes, intellectual property matters, class actions and other financial disputes. He has also provided numerous independent valuations and due diligence reviews of business interests pursuant to shareholder disputes, related party transactions and acquisitions. Peter also has extensive experience conducting corporate and criminal investigations relating to suspected employee and management wrongdoing, kickbacks, investment scams, *Competition Act* matters and other issues.

His assignments have encompassed a diverse range of industries including manufacturing, resources, pharmaceuticals, financial services, real estate, construction, retail, sports franchises and others. Peter has prepared numerous expert reports and affidavits and has given expert witness testimony in damages quantification, business valuation, and forensic accounting in the Federal Court of Canada, the Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba courts, and in international (ICC) and domestic arbitrations.

A frequent public speaker, Peter has presented seminars on forensic accounting and business valuation topics at professional conferences for accountants and lawyers. He has conducted training sessions at universities, law-enforcement training centres, and other government agencies. His articles have been published in leading business and legal journals.

Representative Assignments

- Damages quantification
- Business valuations
- Financial due diligence
- Corporate investigations
- Breach of contract claims
- Post-acquisition disputes
- Intellectual property disputes
- Class action matters
- Related party transaction valuation
- Suspected corporate and employee wrongdoing

Peter Steger CPA, CA•IFA, CBV, CFE, CFF

Professional Career

2010 to current: Principal, Cohen Hamilton Steger & Co. Inc.

2005 to 2010: Managing Director, Navigant Consulting

1991 to 2005: Principal, Kroll Lindquist Avey (and predecessor companies)

1988 to 1991: Staff Accountant - Audit, KPMG

Education and Professional Credentials/Memberships

2016 Certified in Financial Forensics (CFF) - AICPA

2012 Chartered Professional Accountant (CPA) (grandfathered) – CPA Canada

2000 Specialist designation in Investigative & Forensic Accounting (CA•IFA) (inaugural year) - CICA Alliance for Excellence in Investigative and Forensic Accounting

1996 Certified Fraud Examiner (CFE) - Association of Certified Fraud Examiners (ACFE)

1995 Chartered Business Valuator (CBV) - Canadian Institute of Chartered Business Valuators (CICBV)

1991 Chartered Accountant (CA) - Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) and Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario (ICAO); now CPA Canada and CPA Ontario, respectively

1988 Bachelor of Commerce (B.Comm) – University of Toronto

Noteworthy Cases

Commercial Disputes

- Prepared expert report and provided testimony at trial regarding the quantification of damages in
 one of Canada's largest civil fraud and breach of fiduciary duty cases involving a Canadian public
 company in the forestry industry with activities in Canada, China, Hong Kong, Russia and
 elsewhere. The trial judge accepted my loss quantification findings.
- Prepared expert report in one of Canada's largest intellectual property infringement cases in respect of a popular household product. Assessed and quantified product sales, costs and profits over a 17-year period and prepared agreed-upon loss amounts tendered in court.
- Prepared expert report and provided testimony at trial regarding the quantification of damages arising from a multi-million dollar breach of contract involving a planned shopping plaza that did not proceed. The trial judge adopted the majority of my loss quantification findings which were also upheld on appeal.
- Prepared expert reports and provided testimony at several arbitration proceedings involving the
 assessment of multi-million dollar claimable operating costs and capital costs in post-acquisition
 disputes and of reasonable supporting accounting documentation under a long-term supply
 agreement claim. In each of these matters, the arbitration panels adopted the majority of my
 findings.



Peter Steger CPA, CA•IFA, CBV, CFE, CFF

- Prepared affidavits filed in class action proceedings and Federal Court matters opining on: the
 considerations necessary for a damages assessment and quantification at the individual level
 versus an aggregate level in a failed labour-sponsored investment fund and in a disputed tax
 donation program; the determination and quantification of relevant costs underlying late payment
 fees charged on financial transactions; and the relevant accounting and financial information
 required for a damages assessment involving pharmaceuticals.
- Retained as consulting expert in respect of a post-acquisition/purchase price adjustment dispute involving the alleged financial statement misrepresentations by a vendor of a major Canadian company (trial in Delaware, USA).

Valuations/Due Diligence

- Prepared expert reports and provided testimony at trial/arbitration hearings regarding the values of companies in the following industries: telecom, nutraceuticals, and financial securitizations.
- Prepared independent valuation of a significant contract in the automotive industry pursuant to the Ontario Securities Commission's related party rules.
- Retained by investment banks and other acquirers on numerous occasions to perform financial due diligence reviews in various industries including manufacturing, food service and film production.

Investigative

- Prepared expert report and provided testimony at trial in a civil case against an insurance agent and others concerning inflated insurance policy values and improper withdrawals; tracing 20,000 deposit and withdrawal entries through various accounting records over a 17 year period. The trial judge accepted my quantification findings.
- Prepared expert report and provided testimony at trial in a civil case against an investment broker; tracing more than \$60 million in investors' funds through 50 investment and bank accounts. At trial, judgment was granted adopting the findings of my report.
- Prepared expert reports which were used in criminal fraud proceedings one involved the multimillion dollar misappropriation of cash receipts by an accounting manager over several years; another involved a multi-million dollar overbilling and kickback scheme by a purchasing manager and colluding vendors. In both matters, the perpetrator pled guilty to the fraud scheme and the amounts as outlined in my reports.
- Prepared several affidavits for plaintiffs outlining financial findings that supported the granting and execution of *Mareva* injunctions and *Anton Piller* orders in numerous matters.



Peter Steger CPA, CA•IFA, CBV, CFE, CFF

Publications

- "Expert Witnesses and Assumptions: Don't Assume There is Consensus", Commercial Litigation and Arbitration Review, February 2013.
- "Economic Crises Turn Focus to Exit Clauses in Contracts", Financier Worldwide, March 2010.
- "How Unclear Exit Clauses Can Cause Headaches", The Lawyers Weekly, October 2009.
- "Creativity Helps Overcome Pitfalls of Class Action Data Quantification", *The Lawyers Weekly*, September 2007 (Co-author).
- "Expert File Disclosure in the Electronic Age", Osgoode Hall Law School conference, Toronto, ON, September 2007 (Co-author).
- "Recent Developments Affecting Experts on the Issues of: Independence, Draft Reports and Working Papers", CICBV Conference, Montreal, QC, September 2007 (Co-author).
- "Prejudgment Interest Has Become a Lot More Interesting", *The Lawyers Weekly*, September 2002 (reprinted in *Business Valuation Digest*, May 2003 and in *Commercial Litigation Review*, July 2004).
- "Global Survey Reveals Woefully Inadequate Response to Threats to IP", *The Lawyers Weekly*, April 2002 (Co-author).
- "All Over the Map: Extra-provincial and International Issues in Family Law Financial Issues: Forensics and Finances", LSUC/CBAO Conference, Toronto, ON, December 2000 (Co-author).
- "The Use of Hindsight in Damages Quantification Beware a Valuation Approach", Business Valuation Digest, July 1999.
- "Valuation and Tax Issues in Respect of Professional Practices", Federated Press Conference, Toronto, ON, December 1998.
- "Experts' Damages Estimates are Worth a Close Inspection", The Lawyers Weekly, June 1998.
- Also quoted in publications such as *Canadian Lawyer*, *CICA CareerVision*, *The Bottom Line* and *The Lawyers Weekly*.

Selected Presentations and Teaching Experience

- Osgoode Hall Masters of Law (LLM) Advanced Trial Advocacy Program: "A Civil Action -- mock trial proceedings", Toronto, ON, 2000 to 2017 (Author of forensic accountant expert report teaching materials and leader).
- AICPA/CPA Canada joint Forensic and Valuation Conference: "International Arbitration Ins & Outs" and "Cross Examination - Expert Witnesses", Las Vegas, NV, November 2015 (copresenter).
- AICPA/CPA Canada joint Forensic and Valuation Conference: "Earn-out and Indemnity Disputes in M&A", New Orleans, LA, November 2014 (co-presenter).
- CICBV/CICA CA•IFA joint presentation: "Changing Rules and Roles for Expert Witnesses", Toronto, ON, April, 2010 (panel).



Peter Steger CPA, CA•IFA, CBV, CFE, CFF

Speaker/instructor on various valuation and forensic accounting topics at CICBV (now CBV Institute), ICAO (now CPA Ontario), LSUC (now Law Society of Ontario), Competition Bureau, Insight, various Canadian law firms, various police colleges, various universities and law schools, and various internal firm conferences.

Expert Testimony

Peter Steger has qualified and testified as a forensic accountant and business valuator in the Federal Court of Canada, the Ontario, Quebec, and Manitoba courts, and in international (ICC) and domestic arbitrations:

- *Private arbitration in the biotech industry*, Vancouver, BC, April 2019, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by defendant)
- *Inzola Group Limited v. The Corporation of the City of Brampton,* Orangeville, ON, May 2018, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by plaintiff). Decision: 2019 ONSC 7632.
- SFC Litigation Trust v. Chan, Toronto, ON, March 2017, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by plaintiff). Decision: 2018 ONSC 1429.
- Apotex Inc. v. Nordion (Canada) Inc. (formerly MDS) et al, Toronto, ON, March 2017, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendant). Decisions: 2017 ONSC 1323; 2019 ONCA 23.
- *Private arbitration in the telecom industry,* Toronto, ON, May 2016, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by defendant)
- *Teva Canada Limited v. Pfizer Canada Inc. et al*, Toronto, ON, Federal Court (PMNOC Section 8), April 2016, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendant). Decision: 2017 FC 332.
- *Husky Injection Molding Systems Ltd. v. Schad et al,* Toronto, ON, December 2015, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by plaintiff). Decision: 2016 ONSC 2297.
- *Private arbitration (ICC) in the agricultural industry,* Toronto, ON, November 2014, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by defendant)
- *Couper v. Vitaquest International LLC et al*, Toronto, ON, November 2014, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendant). Decision: oral/uncited 29-April 2016.
- Private arbitration (ICC) in the mining industry, New York, NY, May 2014, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by defendant)
- The Empire Life Insurance Company ats/v. Thibault et al, Toronto, ON, March 2012, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendant; plaintiff by counterclaim). Decision: 2012 ONSC 5387.
- *Private arbitration in the mining industry*, Toronto, ON, April 2010 and April 2008, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by plaintiff)
- *SNC Lavalin Group Inc. v. St. Paul Guarantee Insurance Company,* Montreal, QC, September 2009, Qualifications testimony at trial (engaged by plaintiff). Decision: 2010 QCCS 2838.
- Private arbitration (ICC) in the apparel industry, Toronto, ON, July 2008, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by defendant; plaintiff by counterclaim)



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- Private arbitration in the automotive/steel industries, Toronto, ON, May 2007, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by defendant)
- *Private arbitration in the natural resources industry,* Toronto, ON, December 2006, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by plaintiff)
- 1175777 Ontario Limited v. Magna International Inc., Toronto, ON, June 2006, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendant). Decisions: 2006 CanLII 39907 (ONSC); 2007 CanLII 23906 (ONSC); 2008 ONCA 406.
- Private arbitration in the financial services industry, Toronto, ON, June 2006, Expert testimony at commercial arbitration proceedings (engaged by plaintiff)
- *Mason Homes Limited v. The Oshawa Group Limited,* Toronto, ON, April 2003, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by plaintiff). Decision: [2003] O.J. No. 3826; 2005 CanLII 36443 (ONCA).
- *Chow/Tong et al v. Yuen et al,* Ottawa, ON, December 2001, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by plaintiffs).
- *Scintilore Explorations Limited v. Larche et al*, Toronto, ON, August 1999, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendants).
- Twaits v. Monk et al, Toronto, ON, October 1998, Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendants).
- Apotex Fermentation Inc. et al v. Novopharm Ltd. et al, Winnipeg, MB, September 1995 and December 1996 (re-opening), Expert testimony at trial (engaged by defendants).

Peter Steger has also prepared expert reports and affidavits that have been tendered in court and arbitration/mediation proceedings in support of *Anton Piller* orders, *Mareva* and other injunctions, agreed statements of fact, and damages assessments.

